# Toxicology Research Laboratory

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DRAFT

Contract No.: DAMD17-92-C-2001

Task Order No.: UIC-7Q Study No.: 143

Title Page

Study Report for Task Order No. UIC-7Q

# DOSE RANGE-FINDING DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY STUDY OF WR242511 IN RATS

Sponsor: U.S. Army Medical Materiel Development Activity

Test Article: WR242511 Tartrate

Contract No.: DAMD17-92-C-2001

#### Study Director

Barry S. Levine, D.Sc., D.A.B.T.

#### In-Life Phase Completed On

May 6, 1994

#### Performing Laboratory

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### Signature Page

# DOSE RANGE-FINDING DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY STUDY OF WR242511 IN RATS

TRL Chemical No.: 1720614

Sponsor: U.S. Army Medical Materiel

Development Activity

Fort Detrick

Frederick, MD 21702-5009

Test Article: WR242511 Tartrate

Sponsor

Representative: George J. Schieferstein, Ph.D.

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Date

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In-life Phase Initiation: April 14, 1994

Dosing Initiation: April 21, 1994

In-Life Completion: May 6, 1994



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#### 1. SUMMARY

This dose range-finding study evaluated the developmental toxicity of WR242511 tartrate in time-mated CD® female rats. Doses were 0, 0.5, 1, 2, 4 and 8 mg base/kg/day administered by gavage during gestation days (GD) 6 - 15 (GD0 = day of vaginal plug). The results of maternal and fetal toxic responses are summarized in Table 1. Maternal toxicity was observed at the high dose as a significant decrease in total weight gain. In addition, significant decreases in mean daily food consumption were seen during the treatment period. Rough coat was also observed in three females during GD13-15. The 4 mg base/kg/day dose was considered near or at the maternal no observable effect level (NOEL).

Fetal toxicity was apparent at 8 mg base/kg/day as significant decreases in body weights were seen. At the 4 mg base/kg/day dose, a biologically significant decrease in fetal mean body weights was observed, but was only statistically significant in female fetuses. However, at 1 mg base/kg/day a statistically significant decrease was present in both sexes. No biological differences in any other fetal parameters were observed at the high dose or mid high dose groups vs. the control group. The absence of an effect on fetal body weights at 2 mg base/kg/day could not be explained. Fetal body weight changes at 8 mg base/kg/day were considered due to and/or associated with maternal toxicity. The 1 mg base/kg/day dose was considered at or near the low observable adverse effect level (LOAEL) for fetal toxicity. Accordingly the following doses are recommended for the definitive developmental toxicity (Segment II) study in rats: 0, 0.5, 2 and 8 mg base/kg/day.

#### 2. INTRODUCTION

This study was conducted to provide information for use in the selection of dose levels for a developmental toxicity study in rats. The test article was administered by daily gavage to time-mated females during gestation days 6 - 15. The fetuses were delivered by Cesarean section on gestation day 20 and were examined grossly for abnormalities. All methods and procedures in this study were conducted within the spirit of the Toxicology Research Laboratory, University of Illinois at Chicago Quality Assurance Program designed to conform with FDA Good Laboratory Practices Regulations. No unforeseen circumstances affected the integrity of the study. This study was stagger-started over two days and was initiated on the night of April 14, 1994 (initiation of mating). Dosing was initiated (stagger-started) on April 21, 1994 (GD6) and the in-life portion was terminated on May 6, 1994 (GD20).

#### 3. MATERIALS AND METHODS

#### 3.1 Test Article

WR242511 tartrate (Bottle Lot No. BM 05816), a fine, yellow powder, was received on June 16, 1993 from Herner & Co. for this study, and was previously assigned an inhouse chemical number (1720614). The chemical name of the test article is 8-[(4-Amino-1-methylbutyl)amino]-5-(1-hexyloxy)-6-methoxy-4-methylquinoline DL-tartrate and the mole fraction of the base is 0.71. It was stored at -20 to -15°C and ambient humidity in the freezer, and was protected from light (the container was wrapped in aluminum foil).

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#### 3.2 Animals

Forty-two female Virus Antibody Free (VAF) CD® rats were obtained from Charles River Breeding Laboratories, Portage, MI on April 18, 1994. The animals were 61 days old upon arrival at the UIC AAALAC-accredited animal facility (date of birth 02/16/94). Each animal was given a study-unique number (ear-tag) by the supplier. This number appeared on a cage card visible on the front of each cage. The cage card additionally contained the study number, test article identification, treatment group number, and dose level. Cage cards were color-coded as a function of treatment group. Animals were singly housed in polycarbonate cages with Anderson Bed-a-cob bedding (Heinhold Co., Kankakee, IL) in a temperature (65-78°F) and humidity (approx. 30-70 %) controlled room with a 14 hour light/10 hour dark cycle. The cage size, 840 cm² area and 20 cm height, was adequate to house rats at the upper weight range as described in the Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals, DHHS (NIH) No. 86.23. All animals were routinely transferred to clean cages with fresh bedding weekly.

Certified Rat Chow No. 5002 (PMI Feeds, Inc., St. Louis, MO) and tap water from an automatic watering system in which the room distribution lines were flushed daily were provided *ad libitum* from arrival until termination. The water was untreated with additional chlorine or HCl. There are no known contaminants in the feed or water which were expected to influence the study. The results of the most current comprehensive chemical analyses of Chicago water are documented in files maintained by Quality Assurance.

#### 3.3 Experimental Design

Animals were mated on two sequential nights at the supplier's facility. The morning when the vaginal plug was found was considered gestation day 0 (GD0). At each GD0, 20 females showing vaginal plugs were collected. The body weights on GD0 were obtained by the supplier after balance standardization. Each animal was ear tagged by the supplier. Of the 40 presumed pregnant rats which were received, 20 were at GD2 and the other 20 were at GD3 upon arrival at the animal facility. All animals were quarantined at least for 3 days before initiation of dosing (GD6). All animals were examined daily during the quarantine period, and were approved for use by the Clinical Veterinarian prior to being placed on test. Fifteen animals from each gestation day 0 subset were randomized into six groups on the basis of body weight to result in 5 animals/group.

Dose levels were selected on the basis of a two week oral toxicity study and a thirteen week oral toxicity study in rats (UIC/TRL Study Nos. 106 & 107, respectively) as follows:

Group No.	Dose Level (mg base/kg/day)	Number of Females*
1	0	5
2	0.5	5
3	1.0	5
4	2.0	5
5	4.0	5
6	8.0	5

<sup>\*</sup> Presumed Pregnant

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The test article was administered by gavage once daily during gestation days 6 through 15. The gavage procedure was accomplished by the use of a rigid oral feeding needle. The dosing suspensions were administered at a dosing volume of 5 ml/kg. A stock test article suspension was prepared weekly by suspending the appropriate quantity of the test article in the vehicle (aqueous 1% Methylcellulose/0.2% Tween 80). Daily dosage formulations were prepared by diluting the stock to the appropriate concentration(s). The stock and dosing suspensions were kept at 0-4°C. Since this study is not GLP compliant, analytical chemistry analyses were not performed on the dosage formulations. Data from previous studies (UIC/TRL Nos. 106 and 107) showed that the stock formulation and dosing suspensions were stable at least for two weeks and two days, respectively. In addition, several dosing suspensions in one of those studies demonstrated homogeneity, i.e.coefficient of variation between top, middle and bottom was less than 4% (UIC/TRL Study No. 107).

Non-fasted body weights were recorded on gestation day 0 (GD0 by the supplier), GD4 (for randomization), and on GD6-15, GD18 and GD20. Food consumption for all animals was measured during the following intervals: GD6-10, GD10-15 and GD15-20. Clinical signs were observed and recorded approximately 1 - 2 hours post-dosing on the days of dosing and in each morning after completion of the dosing period. Animals were also observed for moribundity/mortality immediately prior to dosing and in the afternoon (after at least six hours), and in the afternoon after dosing ceased.

On GD20, all rats were killed in random order by carbon dioxide asphyxiation. The abdominal and thoracic cavities were opened by a ventral midline incision. The uterus was examined and weighed. In gravid animals, the number of corpora lutea on each ovary was recorded and the ovaries were discarded after evaluation. The viability of the fetuses were checked in utero. A viable fetus was defined as one which responds to stimuli. A non-viable fetus was defined as a term fetus which does not respond to stimuli in utero or is not breathing. The number and location of fetuses, early resorption(s), late resorption (s) and the total number of implantation sites and their uterine distribution were documented using the following procedure. All implantation sites, including resorptions, were numbered in consecutive fashion beginning with the left distal uterine horn, and similarly numbered from the proximal to the distal right uterine horn. An early resorption was defined as one in which it is not grossly evident that organogenesis has occurred. A late resorption was defined as one in which it was grossly evident that organogenesis had occurred. A fetus with evident autolysis was considered a late resorption. Following the cesarean section examination, the carcass of each dam was discarded.

Fetuses were weighed, sexed, and euthanized by sodium pentobarbital (400 mg/ml),  $\approx 0.04$  ml/fetus I.P., and examined for gross external alterations. If abnormalities were noted, the fetuses were preserved in Bouin's solution as deemed necessary. All other fetuses were discarded.

The uterus from a female that appeared nongravid was opened and placed in 0.5% ammonium sulfide solution for at least 10 minutes for detection of possible implantation sites. If implantation sites were detected, ovaries were evaluated as previously mentioned.

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#### 3.4 Statistical Analyses:

The incidences or the means and standard deviations of the maternal and fetal observations were calculated. Statistical analysis of fetal body weights considered the fetus as the unit of measure. Only data from gravid animals were included in the data analyses. Fetal body weights, maternal body weights and weight gains, uterine relative weight (% body weight) and food consumption data were analyzed by Analysis of variance tests. If a significant F ratio was obtained (p ≤ 0.05), Dunnett's test was used for pair-wise comparisons to the control group.

The number of implantation sites, corpora lutea, early and late resorptions, viable fetuses, percent of pre-implantation loss, percent of post-implantation loss, and total losses were compared across groups using the Kruskal-Wallis nonparametric ANOVA test. If a significant effect occurred (P ≤ 0.05), the Mann-Whitney U test was used for pair-wise comparisons to the control group.

Calculations were as follows:

Pre-implantation loss % = [(#Corpora lutea - # Implants)/ # Corpora lutea] x 100 Post-Implantation loss % = [(#Implants - # Viable fetuses) / #Implants] x 100Total loss/litter % = [(#Corpora lutea - # Viable fetuses)/ # Corpora lutea] x 100

#### 4. RESULTS

#### 4.1 Mortality/Clinical Observations

The summary of clinical signs of toxicity is in Table 2. Individual signs are in Appendix 1.

No animal died in this study. Rough coat was seen in three females at 8 mg base/kg/day. This sign was observed towards the end of the dosing period (i.e. GD13-15), and was not apparent in the lower dose levels.

#### Maternal Body Weights 4.2

The summaries of maternal body weights and weight gains are in Tables 3 and 4, respectively. Individual data are included in Appendix 1.

All animals gained weight during GD0-6. Upon initiation of dosing on GD6, high dose animals essentially failed to gain weight during the treatment period. These high dose animals subsequently gained more weight than animals in the other treatment groups during GD15-18 (i.e. after cessation of treatment). Total body weight gain for the high dose animals, however, was significantly less than control animals. Body weights were not affected in the other dose levels.

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#### 4.3 Food Consumption

The summary of mean daily food consumption is in Table 5. Individual food consumption data are shown in Appendix 1.

Only high dose pregnant females showed significant decreases in food consumption during dosing (i.e. during the periods GD6-10 and GD10-15). Food consumption was not affected in these animals after cessation of treatment or in the lower dose levels.

#### 4.4 Cesarean-Section Observations

The summary of the cesarean section data is in Table 6. Individual data are included in Appendix 1.

One animal at the 8 mg base/kg/day dose level was non-pregnant; all other animals demonstrated implantation sites. Treatment with WR242511 tartarate during GD6-15 did not affect fetal viability or the rate of resorption. The numbers of corpora lutea, early and late resorptions, implantations, pre or post implantation loss, or total loss/litter were not significantly different between drug-treated and control animals.

#### Fetal Observations 4.5

The summary of fetal observations is in Table 7. The summary of fetal body weights is in Table 8. Individual data are included in Appendix 2.

Fetal body weights were significantly reduced at 8 mg base/kg/day. Although slight, but statistically significant reductions in fetal body weight were also seen at the 1 and 4 mg base/kg/day dose levels, no significant reduction was seen in maternal body weights (Table 3). This indicated the potential for direct developmental toxicity. While similar decreases in fetal body weights were not observed at 2 mg base/kg/day, statistically significant decreases in fetal body weights (both sexes) were observed at the 1 mg base/kg/day dose level. Normal variations consisting of subcutaneous hematomas and scattered petechial hemorrhages were observed in all doses and in the control group, and were considered biologically insignificant.

#### 5. DISCUSSION

This study evaluated limited developmental toxicity data for WR242511 Tartrate in CD® pregnant rats when administered by gavage during gestation days 6-15. Doses were 0, 0.5, 1, 2, 4 and 8 mg base/kg/day. The results of this study are to be used to aid in the selection of dose levels for a developmental toxicity study in this species, and are summarized in Table 1.

Maternal toxic manifestations included significant decreases in body weights and food consumption at the 8 mg base/kg/day dose. In addition, rough coat was seen in three high dose dams towards the end of the dosing period. Fetal toxicity was manifested as significant decreases in body weight but without any increase in abnormalities, incidence of resorptions or decrease in fetal viability. While marginal fetal toxicity was manifested at 1, 4 and 8 mg base/kg/day, the absence of an overt effect on the fetuses at 2 mg base/kg/day was noted. It is suggested that the dose levels for the definitive developmental toxicity (Segment II) study Contract No.: DAMD17-92-C-2001 Task Order No.: UIC-70

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should not exceed 8 mg base/kg/day and should include one dose level less than 1 mg base/kg/day. Accordingly, doses suggested for the definitive developmental toxicity study are as follows: 0, 0.5, 2 and 8 mg base/kg/day.

#### 6. PERSONNEL

Study Director
Reproductive Toxicologist
Reproductive Scientist
Clinical Veterinarian
Veterinarian Support
Tox. Lab Supervisor
Lead Technician

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#### 7. ARCHIVES

All raw data, documentation, specimens, test article reserves, and the final report are archived at the University of Illinois at Chicago, Toxicology Research Laboratory, Department of Pharmacology, Chicago, IL 60612.



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Table 1

#### DOSE RANGE-FINDING DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY STUDY OF WR242511 IN RATS

## Summary of Toxic Responses

Dose Level (mg base/kg/day)	0.0	0.5	1.0	2.0	4.0	8.0
Number of litters	5	5	5	5	5	4ª
Clinical signs	-	-	-	-	-	RC
Decrease in maternal body weight gain	-	-	-	-	-	+
Decrease in daily mean food consumption	-	-	-	-	-	+
Decrease in fetal body weight (♀/♂)	-/-	-/-	+/+	-/-	+/-	+/+

RC = Rough Coat - = Absent

+ = Present

\*One female was not pregnant

	SUMMARY	OF	CLINIC	AL SIGNS				*******
STUDY: 143			SEX:	FEMALE			**********	• • • • • • • •
DOSE GROU	: (mg base/kg) IP: 1	0 - F	0.5 2-F	1.0 3-F	2.0 4-F	4.0 5-F	8.0 6-F	•••••••
Scheduled Sacrifice Rough Coat	5 0		5 0	5 0	5	5 0	5 3	
Total Number of Anima	als 5		5	5	5	5	5	

Table 3

 				SUMMARY OF	BODY	WEIGHTS	(Grams)		
		STUDY: 143				SEX:	FEMALE		,
		DOSE: (mg base/kg)	0	0.5	1.0	2.0			
DED	100	GROUP:	1.5	0.5 2-F	7.5	2.0	4.0		
 			l'r	2-r	2-1	4-F	5-F	6-F	
					*******	**			
DAY	n	MEAN	215	240	240				
UAI	0	MEAN S.D.	213	219 4.5	219	217 7.9	215	212	
		5.0.	5.5	4.5	5.9	7.9		4.8	
		N	5	5	5	5	5	4	
DAY	4	MEAN	224	227	220				
ואט	-		4 2	227	228				
		S.D.	6.2	4.9	6.2	8.9		6.8	
		N	5	5	5	5	5	4	
DAY	6	MEAN	2/7	245	2//				
ואט	0	S.D.	7.6						
				4.6	5.1			6.7	
		N	5	5	5	5	5	4	
DAY	7	MEAN	247	254	050		272		
ואט	•	MEAN	247		250				
			8.9	6.5	5.1	8.2	10.1		
		N	5	5	5	5	5	4	
DAY	8	MEAN	252	257	251				
UA!	•		9.6	257 6.1	254	260	255	241	
			5	6.1	7.2	8.4	11.2	9.6	
		N	3	5	5	5	5	4	
DAY	9	MEAN	255	263	258	267	259	238*	
	•	S.D.	9.9	7.6	5.2	9.1			
			5	5	5	5	12.2		
		~	-	•	,	2	5	4	
DAY	10	MEAN	262	270	264	272	262	240*	
		S.D.	5.5	8.4	4.7	7.4	8.2		
			5	5	5	5	5	4	
				-	,	,	,	•	
DAY	11	MEAN	269	276	269	277	266	240*	
			8.1	8.7	6.0		8.4	7.3	
			5	5	5	5		7.3	
			-	-	,	,	2	4	
DAY	12	MEAN	277	279	273	283	271	240*	
			10.2	10.6	4.8		13.5		
			5	5	5	5	5		
		••	-	•	,	2	2	4	
DAY	13	MEAN	282	285	279	288	275	237*	
			0.6	12.4	6.9	9.7	16.5	8.7	
			5	5	5	5	10.5		
			-	,	,	2	2	4	

Analysis of Variance using DUNNETT'S Procedure

P less than .05

## Table 3 (contd.)



			SUMMARY	OF	BODY	WEIGHTS	(Grams)		
	STUDY: 143			• • • • •		SEX:	FEMALE		
PERIOD	DOSE: (mg base/kg) GROUP:	0 1-F	0.5 2-F		1.0 3-F	2.0 4-F	4.0 5-F	8.0 6-F	
DAY 14		290 2.5 5	293 9.0 5		284 9.0 5	298 8.5 5	279 13.8 5	239* 6.7 4	
DAY 15		302 2.6 5	298 12.4 5		296 11.5 5	306 7.4 5	289 14.1 5	249* 11.3 4	
DAY 18		338 6.1 5	329 16.7 5		330 15.2 5	344 12.1 5	329 17.0 5	299* 16.2 4	
DAY 20		369 7.5 5	357 22.3 5		355 19.6 5	375 13.4 5	353 18.8 5	329* 21.5 4	

Table 4

<b>-</b>				SUMMARY OF	WEIGHT	GAINS	(Grams)		
		STUDY: 143					FEMALE		
PER	100 a	DOSE: (mg base/kg) GROUP:	0 1-F	0.5 2-F	1.0 3-F	2.0 4-F	4.0 5-F	8.0 6-F	
	h	•••••••			•••••••	• • • • • • • •			************
DAY	7 b	MEAN	4	5	4	6	2	1	
_		S.D.	2.9	1.9	1.1	2.9	4.0	3.8	
		И	5	5	5	5	5	4	
DAY	8	MEAN	5	6	5	7	8	-3*	
		S.D.	3.7	4.1	2.6	3.2	3.2	3.1	
		N	5	5	5	5	5	3.4	
DAY	9	HEAN	3	6	3	-		-	
			3.8		7.9	7 1.5	4	-3	
_		H	5	5	5	5	3.8 5	10.1	
DAY	10		7	-				-	
DAI	10	MEAN S.D.	5.8	7 2.3	6	5	3	2	
		N.	5.0	5.5	4.0	4.2	4.9	2.2	
		n		,	9	5	5	4	
DAY	11	MEAN	7	6	5	5	4	- 1	
		S.D.	2.9	1.4	1.9	4.1		7.4	
		N	5	5	5	5	5	4	
DAY	12	KEAN	7	4	4	6	6	0	
			2.7	2.3	5.1	5.0	5.1	0.5	
		N	5	5	5	5	5	4	
DAY	13	MEAN	5	6	6	5	3	-3	
		S.D.	1.5	2.2	4.2	2.9	4.0	8.4	
		N	5	5	5	5	5	4	
DAY	14	MEAN	8	9	5	10	4	2	
			4.2		2.9	4.0	3.4	5.0	
		H	5	5	5	5	5	4	
DAY	15	HEAN	11	4*	12	7	40	10	
			3.1	4.8	3.1	3.6	10 1.2	5.2	
		N	5	5	5	5	5	4	
DAY	18	MEAN	36	32	34	70	10	F0+	
			4.2		6.1	38 5.9	40 5.1	50* 5.8	
		н	5	5	5	5	5	4	
	P less	than .05	Ana	alysis of Variance	using DUNNE	TT'S Proce	edure		

a = Successive periods

b = Baseline is Day 6

#### Table 4 (contd.)

	*********		SUMMARY O	F WEIGHT	GAINS	Grams)		
	STUDY: 143			• • • • • • • • • • • •	SEX:	FEMALE		
PERIOD a	DOSE: (mg base/kg) GROUP:	0 1-F	0.5 2-F	1.0 3-F	2.0 4-F	4.0 5-F	8.0 6-F	
DAY 20 b	MEAN S.D. N	30 1.8 5	28 6.7 5	26 4.9 5	31 2.5 5	24 5.5 5	30 8.3 4	••••••••
TOTAL GAIN	MEAN S.D.	126  3.2  5	111 20.1 5	110 20.6 5	128 8.6 5	108 16.4 5	86* 16.3 4	
* Pless	than .05		Analysis of Varia	nce using DUNN	ETT'S Pro	ocedure		

a = Successive periods

b = Baseline is Day 6

Table 5

		SUMMARY O	F DAILY	MEAN	FOOD CO	NSUMPTION	(Grams)	
	STUDY:	143		• • • • • • • • •	SEX:	FEMALE		
PERIOD <sup>a</sup> GR	SE: (mg base/kg DUP:	) 0 1-F	0.5 2-F	1.0 3-F	2.0 4-F	4.0 5-F	8.0 6-F	
	NTAKE (g) .D.	19 1.5 5	20 2.4 5	19 1.1 5	20 0.9 5	18 2.6 5	13* 3.0 4	
	NTAKE (g) .D.	23 1.7 5	23 1.3 5	23 1.2 5	25 2.1 5	20 2.3 5	14* 3.9 4	
	NTAKE (g) .D.	25 1.6 5	24 3.4 5	25 3.2 5	27 1.1 5	25 2.2 5	25 4.1 4	
* Pless	than .05	Analys	is of Varian	nce using	DUNNETT'S P	rocedure		

Analysis of Variance using DUNNETT'S Procedure

a = Successive periods

b = Food in on Day 6

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Table 6

# DOSE RANGE-FINDING DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY STUDY OF WR242511 IN RATS

Summary of Maternal Cesarean Section Data (Mean  $\pm$  S.D.)

Dose level (mg base/kg/day)	0.0	0.5	1.0	2.0	4.0	8.0
Total Number of Females/Group	5	5	5	5	5	5
Total Number of Surviving Females	5	5	5	5	5	5
Total Number of Pregnant Females	5	5	5	5	5	4
Uterine Weight (% Body Weight)	$19.8 \pm 0.9$	16.8 ± 3.4	$18.8 \pm 1.2$	$18.2 \pm 1.5$	19.3 ± 1.7	$20.7 \pm 3.4$
Implantation Sites	$13.0 \pm 1.3$	$12.0 \pm 0.9$	$12.6 \pm 1.0$	$12.6 \pm 0.5$	$12.6 \pm 1.2$	$13.3 \pm 0.8$
Согрога Lutea	16.0 ± 2.3	16.0 ± 1.4	$15.8 \pm 1.6$	$16.8 \pm 1.2$	$15.8 \pm 3.2$	$16.0 \pm 2.3$
Early Resorptions	0.6 ± 0.8	$1.8 \pm 1.3$	0.8 ± 0.4	$1.0 \pm 0.6$	$0.2 \pm 0.4$	$1.0 \pm 1.2$
Late Resorptions	0	0	0	0	0	0
Viable Fetuses	12.4 ± 0.8	$10.6 \pm 2.1$	$11.8 \pm 1.0$	$11.6 \pm 0.8$	$12.4 \pm 0.8$	12.3 ± 1.9
Pre-Implantation Loss %b	16.4 ± 17.7	24.6 ±7.3	19.9 ± 5.7	24.7 ± 5.4	$20.2 \pm 18.0$	16.1 ± 8.6
Post-Implantation Loss %c	4.2 ± 5.5	$12.2 \pm 13.4$	$6.3 \pm 3.2$	8.0 ± 4.9	$1.3 \pm 2.7$	$8.0 \pm 10.2$
Total Loss / Litter % <sup>d</sup>	$20.7 \pm 13.2$	33.6 ± 13.1	25.0 ± 4.7	30.8 ± 4.3	$20.2 \pm 18.0$	$23.1 \pm 10.0$

Statistical Analysis: Uterine Weight by ANOVA/Dunnett's Test, all other data by Kruskal-Wallis/Mann-Whitney U Test.

<sup>a</sup>N = 4

<sup>b</sup>Pre Implantation Loss % = [(# Corpora Lutea - # Implants)/ # Corpora Lutea] x 100

<sup>c</sup>Post Implantation Loss % = [(# Implants - # Viable Fetuses)/ # Implants] x 100

<sup>d</sup>Total Loss/Litter = [(# Corpora Lutea - # Viable Fetuses)/ # Corpora Lutea] x 100

<sup>c</sup>Statistically Significant (p ≤ 0.05)

Contract No.: DAMD17-92-C-2001

Task Order No.: UIC-7Q Study No.: 143

Table 7

# DOSE RANGE-FINDING DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY STUDY OF WR242511 IN RATS

# Summary of Fetal Observations

Dose Level (mg base/kg/day)	0.0	0.5	1.0	2.0	4.0	8.0
Total # of Fetuses (# of Litters)*	62 (5)	53 (5)	(5) 65	58 (5)	62 (5)	49 (4)
Sex Distribution: Males	31	29	33	26	28	29
Females	31	24	26	32	34	20
Sex Ratio: Males/Females %	50/50	55/45	56/44	45/55	45/55	59/41
Body Weight(g): Males	3.94 ± 0.29	$3.82 \pm 0.43$	3.67 ± 0.36°	3.92 ± 0.28	$3.85 \pm 0.29$	$3.66 \pm 0.48^{\circ}$
(Mean ± S.D.) Females	3.92 ± 0.29	$3.72 \pm 0.42$	3.58 ± 0.29°	3.79 ± 0.35	3.67 ± 0.28°	3.57 ± 0.46°
Number of Normal Fetuses (%)	40 (64.5)	42 (79.2)	43 (72.9)	50 (86.2)	49 (79.0)	44 (89.8)
Number of Fetuses with Variations <sup>b</sup>	22	11	91	8	13	5

\*All fetuses were viable

<sup>b</sup>Hematoma or Petechial Hemorrhage (normal variations)

'Statistically Significant by ANOVA/Dunnett's Test (p < 0.05)

			SUMMARY (	OF BODY 1	WEIGHTS	(Grams) (Feta	1)	
	STUDY:	143L			SEX:	MALE		••••••••••
PERIOD	DOSE: (mg base, GROUP:	/kg) 0 1-M	0.5 2-M	1.0 3·m	2.0 4-m	4.0 5-m	8.0 6-m	•
DAY 20	MEAN S.D. N	3.94 0.290 31	3.82 0.430 29	3.67* 0.360 33	3.92 0.281 26	3.85 0.290 28	3.66* 0.482 29	

Table 8.2

 			SUMMARY	OF BODY	WEIGHTS	S (Grams) (Fet	al)	
	STUDY:	143L			SEX:	FEMALE		
 PERIOD	DOSE: (mg base GROUP:	e/kg) 0 1-F	0.5 2-F	1.0 3-F	2.0 4-F	4.0 5-F	8.0 6-F	
DAY 20	MEAN S.D. N	3.92 0.289 31	3.72 0.420 24	3.58* 0.291 26	3.79 0.354 32	3.67* 0.279 34	3.57* 0.463 20	
	N	31	24	26	<b>3</b> 2	34	20	

Analysis of Variance using DUNNETT'S Procedure

DBAFT

#### APPENDIX 1

#### INDIVIDUAL MATERNAL DATA

- •Individual Observations
- •Individual Body Weights
- •Individual Weight Gain
- ●Individual Daily Food Consumption ●Individual Uterine Weights
- •Individual Maternal Cesarean Section Data

		INDIVI	DUAL C	BSERVATIO	ONS					
STUDY: DAY 0-	143 DAY 21	GROUP: DOSE:		base/kg)	SEX:	FEMALE				
ANIMAL #	OBSERVATIONS			SEVER	RITY	roc	TIME	OCCUP	RRED	
807	Normal Scheduled Sacr	ifice					DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19	
810	Normal Scheduled Sacra	ifice					DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19	
812	Normal Scheduled Sacr	ifice					DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19	
830	Normal Scheduled Sacri	ifice					DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19	
837	Normal Scheduled Sacr:	ifice					DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19	

1			INDIVII	OUAL OBS	ERVATIONS				
	STUDY: DAY 0-1	143 DAY 21	GROUP: DOSE:	2-F 0.5 (mg	SEX: base/kg)	FEMALE			
	ANIMAL #	OBSERVATION	NS		SEVERITY	LOC	TIME	OCCUP	RED
8	803	Normal Scheduled S	Sacrifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19
	806	Normal Scheduled	Sacrifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19
	826	Normal Scheduled	Sacrifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19
•	836	Normal Scheduled	Sacrifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19
	842	Normal Scheduled	Sacrifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19

		INDIVII	OUAL OBS	ERVATIONS					
STUDY: DAY 0-1	143 DAY 21	GROUP: DOSE:	3-F 1.0 (mg	base/kg)	FEMALE				
ANIMAL #	OBSERVATIO	ns		SEVERITY	LOC	TIME	OCCU	RED	
805	Normal Scheduled	Sacrifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19	
813	Normal Scheduled	Sacrifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19	
821	Normal Scheduled	Sacrifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19	
832	Normal Scheduled	Sacrifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19	
841	Normal Scheduled	Sacrifice					6-DAY 20	19	

		INDIVI	DUAL OBS	ERVATIONS				
STUDY: DAY 0-1	143 DAY 21	GROUP: DOSE:	4-F 2.0 (mg	SEX: base/kg)	FEMALE			
ANIMAL #	OBSERVATIONS			SEVERITY	LOC	TIME	occur	RED
801	Normal Scheduled Sac	rifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19
802	Normal Scheduled Sac	rifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19
827	Normal Scheduled Sac	rifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19
835	Normal Scheduled Sac	rifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19
839	Normal Scheduled Sac	rifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19

1			INDIVII	OUAL OBS	ERVATIONS				
	STUDY: DAY 0-1	143 DAY 21	GROUP: DOSE:	5-F 4.0 (mg	SEX: base/kg)	FEMALE			
	ANIMAL #	OBSERVATION	S		SEVERITY	LOC	TIME	OCCUR	RED
	808	Normal Scheduled S	acrifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19
	818	Normal Scheduled Sa	acrifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19
	819	Normal Scheduled S	acrifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19
	829	Normal Scheduled S	acrifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19
	840	Normal Scheduled S	acrifice				DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19

		INDIVI	DUAL OBSER	VATION	S					
STUDY: DAY 0-1	143 DAY 21	GROUP: DOSE:	6-F mg base/18.0 (mg/kg	kg )	SEX:	FEMALE		PAGE:	1	
ANIMAL #	OBSERVATIONS			SEVERI	ΓY	LOC	TIME	OCCUR	RED	
809	Normal Scheduled Sacri	ifice					DAY DAY	6-DAY 20	19	
811	Normal Normal Rough Coat Scheduled Sacri	ifice					DAY	6-DAY 16-DAY 13-DAY 20	19	
828	Scheduled Sacr	ifice					DAY	20		
831	Normal Normal Rough Coat Scheduled Sacri	ifice					DAY	6-DAY 16-DAY 13-DAY 20	19	
823	Normal Normal Rough Coat Scheduled Sacri	ifice					DAY	6-DAY 15-DAY 13-DAY 20	19	

INDIVIDUAL BODY WEIGHTS (Grams)													
STUDY: 143 GROUP: 1-F SEX: FEMALE DOSE: 0(mg base/kg)													
 ANIMAL #	DAY 0	DAY 4	DAY 6	DAY 7	DAY 8	DAY 9	DAY 10	DAY 11	DAY 12	DAY 13	DAY 14	DAY 15	
807 810 812 830 837	218 208 211 216 221	233 218 229 222 230	248 231 245 240 250	248 234 250 243 258	256 242 255 242 264	256 249 263 242 266	265 261 262 254 269	274 265 269 259 280	281 274 276 262 290	288 279 279 268 296	294 282 288 278 310	307 298 298 286 320	
MEAN S.D. N	215 5.3 5	226 6.2 5	243 7.6 5	247 8.9 5	252 9.6 5	255 9.9 5 Data Unav	262 5.5 5 ailable	269 8.1 5	277 10.2 5	282 10.6 5	290 12.5 5	302 12.6 5	

	INDIVIDUAL BODY WEIGHTS (Grams)													
STUDY: 143	GROUP: 1 DOSE: 0 ANIMAL #	L-F D(mg ba DAY 18	ase/kg) DAY 20	SEX:	FEMALE									
	807 810 812 830 837	345 330 337 318 361	378 360 367 346 392											
	MEAN S.D. N	338 16.1 5	369 17.5 5											
	:	Data Unava	ilable											

l	INDIVIDUAL BODY WEIGHTS (Grams)													
	STUDY: 143 GROUP: 2-F SEX: FEMALE DOSE: 0.5 (mg base/kg)													
A	ANIMAL # DAY 0 DAY 4 DAY 6 DAY 7 DAY 8 DAY 9 DAY 10 DAY 11 DAY 12 DAY 13 DAY 14 DAY 15													
ı	803 806 826 836 842	220 219 213 216 225	229 232 219 226 228	240 249 242 245 251	243 255 246 251 259	251 266 252 255 259	264 275 257 256 262	267 284 265 263 269	273 290 269 269 277	274 297 271 273 281	277 306 277 278 286	288 308 286 289 296	295 315 285 288 305	
	MEAN 219 227 245 251 257 263 270 276 279 285 293 298 S.D. 4.5 4.9 4.6 6.5 6.1 7.6 8.4 8.7 10.6 12.4 9.0 12.4 N 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5													

	INDIVIDUAL BODY WEIGHTS (Grams)
STUDY: 143	GROUP: 2-F SEX: FEMALE DOSE: 0.5(mg base/kg) ANIMAL # DAY 18 DAY 20
	803 327 357 806 357 391 826 314 335 836 319 339 842 329 362
	MEAN 329 357 S.D. 16.7 22.3
	N 5 5 : Data Unavailable

	***************************************													
	INDIVIDUAL BODY WEIGHTS (Grams)													
	STUDY: 143 GROUP: 3-F SEX: FEMALE DOSE: 1.0(mg base/kg)													
_ A	NIMAL #	DAY 0	DAY 4	DAY 6	DAY 7	DAY 8	DAY 9	DAY 10	DAY 11	DAY 12	DAY 13	DAY 14	DAY 15	
							********							
	805	216	234	245	248	255	264	269	274	279	291	299	315	
	813	210	224	247	251	256	250	262	267	277	277	284	299	
_	821	219	222	239	243	244	256	257	260	268	274	275	286	
	832	223	236	253	257	264	260	267	275	273	279	282	291	
	841	225	226	244	250	253	258	265	269	269	275	280	290	
	MEAN	219	228	246	250	254	258	264	269	273	279	284	296	
	S.D.	5.9	6.2	5.1	5.1	7.2	5.2	4.7	6.0	4.8	6.9	9.0	11.5	
	N	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
						: 0	ata Unava	ilable						

INDIVII	UAL BO	DY WEIGHTS	(Grams)		
GROUP: DOSE: ANIMAL #	3-F 1.0(mg DAY 18	base/kg)	EX: FEMAI	Œ	
905	75/	700			
	332				
841	329	351			
MEAN	330	355			
S.D.	15.2	19.6			
N	5	5			
	Data Unava	ilable			
	GROUP: DOSE: ANIMAL # 805 813 821 832 841 MEAN S.D. N	GROUP: 3-F DOSE: 1.0 (mg ANIMAL # DAY 18  805	GROUP: 3-F DOSE: 1.0(mg base/kg) ANIMAL # DAY 18 DAY 2U  805 354 388 813 332 357 821 319 341 832 315 340 841 329 351  MEAN 330 355 S.D. 15.2 19.6	ANIMAL # DAY 18 DAY 2U  805	GROUP: 3-F DOSE: 1.0(mg base/kg) ANIMAL # DAY 18 DAY 2U  805

				IN	DIVIDU								
ST	GROUP: 4-F DOSE: 2.0(mg base/kg)  DAY 7 DAY 8 DAY 9 DAY 10 DAY 11 DAY 12 DAY 13 DAY 14 DAY 15												
ANIMAL #	DAY 0	DAY 4	DAY 6	DAY 7	DAY 8	DAY 9	DAY 10	DAY 11	DAY 12	DAY 13	DAY 14	DAY 15	
204													
801 802	223	228	245	250	259	266	275	280	281	288	298	306	
827	219 218	236 233	257 258	259 264	264 271	271 280	271 283	281 291	282 302	283 305	297 311	307 317	
835	203	213	237	247	249	257	267	267	278	284	298	300	
839	221	225	240	245	255	260	264	266	273	281	287	298	
MEAN	217	227	247	253	260	267	272	277	283	288	298	306	
S.D.	7.9	8.9	9.7	8.2	8.4	9.1	7.4	10.5	11.1	9.7	8.5	7.4	
N	5	5 .	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
					: 0	ata Unav	ailable						

			OY WEIGHT		s)
STUDY: 143	GROUP: DOSE: ANIMAL #	4-F 2.0(mg DAY 18	base/kg) DAY 20	SEX:	FEMALE
	801	352	381		
	802	342	376		
	827	360	394		
	835	336	367		
	839	330	359		
	MEAN	344	375		
	S.D.	12.1	13.4		
	N	5	5		
	:	Data Unava	ilable		

-														
	INDIVIDUAL BODY WEIGHTS (Grams)													
	STU	JDY: 1	43			OUP: 5	-F	base	(kg) SE	X: FE	MALE			
	ANIMAL #	DAY 0	DAY 4	DAY 6	DAY 7	DAY 8	DAY 9	DAY 10		DAY 12	DAY 13	DAY 14	DAY 15	
	808	204	221	238	235	243	249	258	259	261	260	266	274	
	818	224	233	247	246	254	258	260	269	276	278	279	289	
	819	216	225	238	240	247	253	255	259	261	267	275	286	
	829	217	228	253	260	272	280	276	279	293	302	302	312	
	840	216	224	250	254	257	255	261	263	266	267	272	283	
	MEAN	215	226	245	247	255	259	262	266	271	275	279	289	
	S.D.	7.2	4.5	6.9	10.1	11.2	12.2	8.2	8.4	13.5	16.5	13.8	14.1	
	N	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
						***	ata Unavi	ailable						

INDIVIDUAL BODY WEIGHTS (Grams)											
STUDY: 143	GROUP: 5 DOSE: 4 ANIMAL#	-F .0(mg DAY 18	base/kg)	EX:	FEMALE						
	808 818 819 829	313 334 328 355	336 368 351 377								
	840	315	335								
	MEAN S.D.	329 17.0	353 18.8								
	N N	5	5								
	: D	ata Unava	ilable								

	INDIVIDUAL BODY WEIGHTS (Grams)												
ST	UDY: 1	43				-F	base		X: FE	MALE			
ANIMAL #	DAY 0	DAY 4	DAY 6	DAY 7	DAY 8	DAY 9		DAY 11	DAY 12	DAY 13	DAY 14	DAY 15	
809	200	220	2/7	2/8	2/4	3/0	2/2	275	275	272	270	2/7	
811	209 219	228 232	247 249	248 252	246 251	240 238	242 239	235 248	235 248	232 234	238 241	243 255	
828							••					-	
831	209	218	234	229	229	226	231	232	232	232	231	236	
823	211	219	242	245	238	249	249	243	244	250	247	261	
MEAN	212	224	243	244	241	238	240	240	240	237	239	249	
S.D.	4.8	6.8	6.7	10.1	9.6	9.5	7.5	7.3	7.5	8.7	6.7	11.3	
N	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
					: [	ata Unav	ailable						

	INDIVID	UAL BO	DY WEIGHT	18 (Gram	is)
STUDY: 143	GROUP: DOSE: ANIMAL #	6-F 8.0(mg DAY 18	base/kg)	SEX:	FEMALE
	809	292	331		
	811	312	344		
	828	••	••		
	831	279	298		
	823	312	343		
	MEAN	299	329		
	S.D.	16.2	21.5		
	N	4	4		
	:	Data Unava	ilable		

				INDI	<b>IAUDIN</b>	WEIG	HT GA	IN (Gram	ns) <sup>a</sup>			
 												• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
STUDY:	143			GROUP:	1-F			SEX:	FEMAL	E		
				DOSE:	0 (mg	(/ka)						
						, , ,						TOTAL
ANIMAL #	DAY 7 b	DAY 8	DAY 9	DAY 10	DAY 11	DAY 12	DAY 13	DAY 14	DAY 15	DAY 18	DAY 20	GAIN
 												**********
807	0	8	0	9	0	7	7	6	13	38	33	130
810	3	8	7	12	,	0	5	3	16	38 32 39	30	129
	2	5		-1	7	7	7	,	10	30	70	127
812	2	2	0				3	, ,		39	30	122
830	3	- 1	0	12	5	3	6	10	8	32	28	106
837	8	6	2	3	11	10	6	14	10	41	31	142
					_					1200		
MEAN	4	5	3	7	7	7	5	8	11	36	30	126
S.D.	2.9	3.7	3.8	5.8	2.9	2.7	1.5	4.2	3.1	4.2	1.8	13.2
N	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
			: [	ata Unava	ilable							

a = Successive periods

b = Baseline is Day 6

	INDIVIDUAL WEIGHT GAIN (Grams)													
STUDY: 143 GROUP: 2-F SEX: FEMALE DOSE: 0.5(mg/kg)														
ANIMAL #	DAY 7	DAY 8	DAY 9	DAY 10	DAY 11	DAY 12	DAY 13	DAY 14	DAY 15	DAY 18	DAY 20	TOTAL GAIN		
803	3	8	13	3	6	1	3	11	7	32	30	117		
806 826	6	11	5	8	6	7 2	9	2	7 -1	42	34 21	142 93 94		
836 842	8	0	3	7	8	4	5	11 10	-1 9	31 24	20 33	94 111		
MEAN S.D.	5 1.9	6	4.8	7 2.3	6	2.3	6	9	4	32	28	111		
N	5	5	5	5 Data Unav	5	5	2.2 5	3.8 5	4.8 5	6.6 5	6.7	20.1		

a = Successive periods

b = Baseline is Day 6

				INDI	VIDUAL	WEIG	HT GA	IN (Gram	så			
STUDY:	143			GROUP DOSE:	: 3-F	(mg/kg	)	SEX:	FEMAL	E		
	h						•					TOTAL
ANIMAL #	DAY 7	DAY 8	DAY 9	DAY 10	DAY 11	DAY 12	DAY 13	DAY 14	DAY 15	DAY 18	DAY 20	GAIN
 ************												
905	7	7	9	5		5	12	8	16	39	7/	1/7
805	3	-		43	2	40	12	0	16	37	34	143
813	4	5	-6 12	12	2	10	_	/	15	22	25	110
821	4	1	12	1	3	8	6	1	11	33	22	102
832	4	7	-4	7	8	-2	6	3	9	33 33 24	25	87
841	6	3	5	7	4	0	6	5	10	39	25 22 25 22	107
MEAN	4	5	3	6	5	4	6	5	12	34	26	110
S.D.	1.1	2.6	7.9	4.0	1.9	5.1	4.2	2.9	3.1	6.1	4.9	20.6
N.	5	5	5	5	5	5.1	7.2	5	5.1	5	5	5
14	2	٦		Data Unava	ملطملته	,	_	,	,	,	3	2
				Data Unava	illadie							

a = Successive periods

b = Baseline is Day 6

INDIVIDUAL WEIGHT GAIN (Grams)													• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
STUDY: 143 GROUP: 4-F SEX: FEMALE DOSE: 2.0 (mg/kg)														
	ANIMAL #	DAY 7	DAY 8	DAY 9	DAY 10	DAY 11	DAY 12	DAY 13	DAY 14	DAY 15	DAY 18	DAY 20	TOTAL GAIN	
												••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	801	5	9	7	9	5	1	7	10	8	46	20	136	
	802	2	5	7	0	10	1	1	14	10		29 34 34 31 29	119	
	827	6	7	9	3	8	11	3	6	6	35 43 36 32	34	136	
	835	10	2	8	10	0	11 11	6	14	2	36	31	130	
	839	5	10	5	4	2	7	8	6	11	32	29	119	
	MEAN	6	7	7	5	5	6	5	10	7	38	31	128	
	S.D.	2.9	3.2	1.5	4.2	4.1	5.0	2.9	4.0	3.6	5.9	31 2.5		
	N	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	8.6	
				· · : [	ata Unava	ilable								

a = Successive periods
b = Baseline is Day 6

	INDIVIDUAL WEIGHT GAIN (Grams) <sup>a</sup>												
STUDY: 143 GROUP: 5-F SEX: FEMALE DOSE: 4.0 (mg/kg)													
	ANIMAL #	DAY 7 b	DAY 8	DAY 9	DAY 10	DAY 11	DAY 12	DAY 13	DAY 14	DAY 15	DAY 18	DAY 20	TOTAL GAIN
	808	-3	8	6	9	1	2	-1	6	8	39	23	98
	818	- 1	8	4	2	9	7	2	1	10	45	34	121
	819	2	7	6	2	4	2	6	8	11	42	23	113
	829	7	12	8	-4	3	14	9	0	10	43	34 23 22	124
	840	4	3	6 8 -2	6	2	3	1	5	11	32	20	85
	MEAN	2	8 3.2	4	3	4	6	3	4	10	40	24	108
	S.D.	4.0	3.2	3.8	4.9	3.1	5.1	4.0	3.4	1.2	5.1	5.5	16.4
	N	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
				: D	ata Unava	ilable						-11	

a = Successive periods

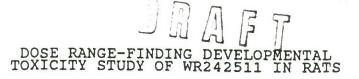
b = Baseline is Day 6

INDIVIDUAL WEIGHT GAIN (Grams)													
STUDY: 143 GROUP: 6-F SEX: FEMALE DOSE: 8.0 (mg/kg)													
	ANIMAL #	DAY 7	DAY 8	DAY 9	DAY 10	DAY 11	DAY 12	DAY 13	DAY 14	DAY 15	DAY 18	DAY 20	TOTAL GAIN
	809	1	-2	-6	2	-7	0	-3	6	5	49	39	84
	811	3	-1	-13	1	9	0	-14	7	14	57	32	95
	828					• •			• •	• •		• •	• •
	831	-5	0	-3	5	1	0	0	-1	5	43	19	64
	823	3	-7	11	0	-6	1	6	-3	14	51	31	101
	MEAN	1	-3	-3	2	-1	0	-3	2	10	50	30	86
	S.D.	3.8	3.1	10.1	2.2	7.4	0.5	8.4	5.0	5.2	5.8	8.3	16.3
	N	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
				[	nata Unava	ilable							

a = Successive periods
b = Baseline is Day 6

	INDIVIDUAL	DAIL	Y FOOI	CON	SUMPT	ION (Grams) <sup>a</sup>	 
STUDY: 143	GROUP: DOSE: ANIMAL#	1-F 0 (mg DAY 10 <sup>D</sup>	base	/kg)	SEX:	FEMALE	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	007		21				
	807	21	24	25			
	810	21	23	26			
	812	21 21 18	22	24			
	830	18	23 22 22	23			
	837	19	26	25 26 24 23 27			
	MEAN	19	23 1.7	25			
	S.D.	1.5	1.7	1.6			
	N	5	5	5			
	••	: Data l	Jnavai labl	e			

a = Successive periods



	INDIVIDUAL	DAIL	Y FOOI	CONSUM	PTION (Grams)	
STUDY: 143	GROUP: DOSE: ANIMAL #	2-F 0.5( DAY 10b	mg ba: DAY 15	SE Se/kg) DAY 20	X: FEMALE	
	803 806 826 836 842 MEAN S.D.	23 23 19 18 19 20 2.4	22 25 24 23 22 23 1.3	25 28 26 23 19 24 3.4		
	••	: Data Ur	navailabl	e		

a = Successive periods

*****		20000000000				
	INDIVIDUAI	DAILY	FOOI	CONSUMPT	ION (Grams) <sup>a</sup>	 
STUDY: 143	GROUP: DOSE: ANIMAL #	3-F 1.0(m DAY 10 <sup>b</sup>	ig bas	SEX: se/kg) DAY 20	FEMALE	•••••
	805 813 821 832 841	20 19 19 17 17	25 23 22 23 23 22	30 25 25 21 24		•••••
	MEAN S.D. N	19 1.1 5	23 1.2 5	25 3.2 5		

a = Successive periods



	INDIVIDUAL	DAIL	Y FOOI	CONS	UMPTI	ON (Grams)			• • • •
STUDY: 143	GROUP: DOSE: ANIMAL#	2.0 (	mg bas	se/ka)	SEX:	FEMALE	• • • • • • • • • • •	••••••••	••••
	801 802 827 835 839	22 20 20 20 20 20	23 23 24 28 25	27 27 25 28 26		•••••	•		••••
	S.D.	0.9	2.1	1.1					
		: Data U	navailable	2					

a = Successive periods

	INDIVIDUAL	DAIL	Y FOOI	CONST	JMPTION (Grams)	 
STUDY: 143	GROUP: DOSE: ANIMAL #	5-F 4.0( DAY 10 <sup>b</sup>	mg bas	Se/kg) DAY 2D	SEX: FEMALE	 
	808 818 819 829	15 18 17 22	18 20 19 24	25 25 25 29 23		
	840 MEAN S.D.	17 18 2.6	19 20 2.3	23 25 2.2		
	N	5	5 navailabl	5		

a = Successive periods

***************************************	INDIVIDUAL	DAIL	Y FOO	D CONST	UMPTION (	Gr <b>am</b> s) <sup>a</sup>	**********
STUDY: 143	GROUP: DOSE: ANIMAL #	6-F 8.0( DAY 10 <sup>b</sup>	mg ba:	se/kg)	SEX: FEMA	ALE	••••••
					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		 •
	809	14	12	25			
	811	12	13	25 25			
	828	• •					
	831	10	12	20			
	823	17	12 20	20 30			
	MEAN	13	14	25			
	S.D.	13 3.0	14 3.9	4.1			
	N	4	4	4			
	• •	: Data U	navailabl	e			

a = Successive periods

b = Baseline is Day 6

DRAFT

		INDIVIDUA	L ORGAN	WEIGH:	rs		
STUDY: 143 SEX: FEMALE			F - 0 mg bas L DAYS A	se/kg ALL BALANCE:	S		
	ANIMAL ID: BALANCE NO.:	80	7 810	812	830	837	
	BODY WEIGHT (G)	37	8 360	367	346	392	
	GRAVID UTERUS (G) % BODY WEIGHT	80.2 21.23			64.74	75.61 19.288	

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## DOSE RANGE-FINDING DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY STUDY OF WR242511 IN RATS

### INDIVIDUAL ORGAN WEIGHTS

STUDY: 143 SEX: FEMALE

GROUP: 2-F - 0.5 mg base/kg

 	ALL F	FATES	ALL	DAYS	ALL	BALANCES			
ANIMAL ID: BALANCE NO.:			803	3	806	826	836	842	
BODY WEIGHT (G)			357	7	391	335	339	362	
GRAVID UTERUS (G) % BODY WEIGHT			61.23 7.151		31.88	40.51 12.093	51.65 15.236	67.81 18.732	

		INDIVIDUAL	ORGAN	WEIGHT	S		
STUDY: 143 SEX: FEMALE		GROUP: 3-F ALL FATES ALL	- 1 mg base DAYS AL				
	ANIMAL ID: BALANCE NO.:	805	813	821	832	841	
	BODY WEIGHT (G)	388	357	341	340	351	*************
	GRAVID UTERUS (G) % BODY WEIGHT	73.11 18.843	65.40 18.319	57.65 16.906	68.04	69.21	

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		INDIVIDUAL	ORGAN	WEIGHT	S		
STUDY: 143 SEX: FEMALE		GROUP: 4-F ALL FATES ALL	- 2 mg base DAYS AL				
	ANIMAL ID: BALANCE NO.:	801	802	827	835	839	
	BODY WEIGHT (G)	381	376	394	367	359	
	GRAVID UTERUS (G) % BODY WEIGHT	73.26 19.228	74.74 19.878	65.04 16.508	61.22	67.11	

		INDIVI	DUAL O	RGAN	WEIGHT	S		
STUDY: 143 SEX: FEMALE			JP: 5-F - 4 ALL DAY		/kg L BALANCES	•••••		***************************************
	ANIMAL ID: BALANCE NO.:		808	818	819	829	840	••••••••
	BODY WEIGHT (G)		336	368	351	377	335	,
	GRAVID UTERUS (G) % BODY WEIGHT		66.10 19.673		64.19 18.288	66.98 17.767	72.33 21. <b>5</b> 91	

(--)-Data Unavailiable (uterus inadvertently not weighed)

# Individual Maternal Cesarcan Section Data

		Í		Resorptions	ptions		1	
Dose Level (mg base/kg/day)	Dam No.	Total Implantations	Corpora Lutea	Early	Late	Viable Fetuses per Dam	Non-Viable Fetuses per Dam	Gross Dam Observations
	837	13	17	0	0	13	0	Normal
	830	11	18	0	0	=	0	Normal
Ġ	810	13	12	_	0	12	0	Normal
9	812	15	15	2	0	13	0	Normal
	807	13	18	0	0	13	0	Normal
	826	11	15	4	0	7	0	Normal
	836	11	17	-	0	10	0	Normal
v c	842	12	14	0	0	12	0	Normal
Ç:	908	13	18	2	0	13	0	Normal
	803	13	91	2	0	11	0	Normal
	832	12	16	0	0	12	0	Normal
	841	14	16	-	0	13	0	Normal
3	821	11	13	_	0	10	0	Normal
2	813	13	16	_	0	12	0	Normal
	805	13	18	-	0	12	0	Normal

# Individual Maternal Cesarean Section Data

Dose Level (mg base/kg/day)	Dam No.	Pre-implantation Loss %	Post-implantation Loss %	Total Loss / Litter %
	837	24	0	24
	830	39	0	39
6	810	8-	8	0
	812	0	13	13
	807	28	0	28
	826	27	36	53
	836	35	6	41
<b>Y</b>	842	14	0	14
	908	28	0	28
	803	61	15	31
	832	25	0	25
	841	13	7	61
-	821	15	6	23
	813	19	8	25
	805	28	80	33

# Individual Maternal Cesarean Section Data

(mg base/kg/day) Dam No. 835 827 839 839	Total	Corpora Lutea 15	Early		Viable Fetuses per	Non-Viable Fetuses	Gross Dam	
	12 13 13	15		Late	Daın	per Dam	Observations	
	13	<u>*</u>	-	0	=	0	Normal	
	13		-	0	=	0	Normal	
	13	91	2	0	11	0	Normal	
	13	17	-	0	12	0	Normal	
802		81	0	0	13	0	Normal	
829	12	91	0	0	12	0	Normal	5
840	12	91	0	0	12	0	Normal	
618	12	20	0	0	12	0	Normal	ב ב
808	12	-11	0	0	12	0	Normal	
818	15	NA	-	0	14	0	Normal	
823	14	15	-	0	13	0	Normal	
831	12	14	3	0	6	0	Normal	
8.0	14	20	0	0	14	0	Normal	
808	13	15	0	0	13	0	Normal	

NA- Data Not Available.

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# DOSE RANGE-FINDING DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY STUDY OF WR242511 IN RATS

## Individual Maternal Cesarean Section Data

Dose Level (mg base/kg/day)	Dam No.	Pre-implantation Loss %	Post-implantation Loss %	Total Loss / Litter %
	835	20	8	27
	827	33	8	39
0	839	61	15	31
2:4	801	24	8	29
	802	28	0	28
	829	25	0	25
	840	25	0	25
0.4	819	40	0	40
	808	6-	0	6-
	818	NA	7	NA
	823	7	7	13
	831	14	25	36
8.0	811	30	0	30
	809	13	0	13

NA = Data Not available

## 

### APPENDIX 2

### INDIVIDUAL FETAL DATA

- Fetal Observations
- •Individual Body Weights



Contract No.: DAMD17-92-C-2001

Task Order No.: UIC-7Q Study No.: 143

## DOSE RANGE-FINDING DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY STUDY OF WR242511 IN RATS

### List of Abbreviations

NA = Not applicable N = No visible abnormalities A = Alive D = Dead	R = Right L = Left M = Male F = Female H = Head B = Back	NK = Neck HL = Hind limb FL = Fore limb DI = Digit SC = Scalp TR = Trunk	PT = Protruded tongue SB = Spina bifida SUBQ = Subcutaneous P = Petechial ABD = Abdominal	CP = Cleft palate CL = Cleft lip HT = Hematoma EX = Exophthalmos AN = Anophthalmos EC = Exencephaly MI = Microcephaly
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Note: Fetal animal numbers in the body weight table are expressed as the dam animal number followed by the implantation site. For example: Fetus number 1234 = dam number 123, implantation site no.4

## DOSE RANGE-FINDING DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY STUDY OF WR242511 IN RATS FETAL OBSERVATIONS DOSE (0.0 mg base/kg)

Dam No.	Date Sac	Implantation	Sex	Status	Fetal Body	External
		Sites			Wt. (g)	Examination
837	5/6/94	1	F	A	3.68	N
		2	F	A	3.63	N
		3	F	Α	3.96	N
		4	F	Α	3.74	N
		5	M	A	4.11	N
		7	M	A	4.00	N SUBO UT Averies ARD
		8	M	A	4.08 3.83	SUBQ HT Anterior ABD
		9	M	A	4.01	N
		10	F	A	3.67	N
		11	M	A	2.91	SUBQ HT NK
		12	M	A	3.74	N
		13	F	A	3.30	N
B30	5/6/94	1	M	A	3.85	SUBQ HT L ear
	0,0,0,	2	M	A	3.96	N
		3	M	A	3.69	SUBQ P(3) HT TR
		4	F	A	3.78	SUBQ HT TR
		5	F	А	4.22	SUBQ HT L ear & L thigh
		6	F	Α	3.86	N
		7	F	А	3.78	N
		8	М	A	3.64	SUBQ HT TR
		9	M	А	4.06	SUBQ HT R thigh
		10	M	A	3.B4	N
		11	M	A	3.55	N
B10	5/5/94	1	F	А	4.13	N
		2	M	A	3.65	N
		3	F	A	3.89	N
		4	F	A	4.33	N
		5	F	A	4.26	N
		6	F	A	4.46	N
		7	M	A	4.56	N
		В	M	A	4.47	N
		9	F	A	4.13	SUBQ P(1) HT SC
		10	F F	A	4.10	SUBQ P(1) HT TR
		12	· ·	ER ER	3.77	SUBQ P(1) HT TR
		13	М	A	3.99	Early Resorption SUBQ P(1) HT TR
812	5/5/94	1	F	A	3.52	SUBQ HT R HL & SUBQ P(1) HT TR
012	3/3/34	2	F	A	3.7B	SUBQ HT chin
		3	F	A	3.B2	N N
		4	F	A	3.79	N
		5	M	A	3.95	SUBQ P(1) HT TR
		6		ER		Early Resorption
		7	M	A	3.BB	N
		8	F	A	3.71	N
		9	М	A	3.90	N
		10	F	A	3.66	N
		11	-	ER	-	Early Resorption
		12	M	Α	3.95	N
		13	F	A	3.60	SUBQ HT R face & R shoulder
		14	М	А	3.90	N
		14 15	М	А	3.93	N
807	5/5/94	14 15 1	M F	A	3.93 3.94	N N
807	5/5/94	14 15 1	M F F	A A A	3.93 3.94 4.36	N N N
807	5/5/94	14 15 1 2 3	M F F	A A A	3.93 3.94 4.36 4.29	N N N SUBQ HT R HL
807	5/5/94	14 15 1 2 3 4	M F F F M	A A A A	3.93 3.94 4.36 4.29 4.16	N N SUBQ HT R HL N
807	5/5/94	14 15 1 2 3 4 5	M F F M	A A A A A	3.93 3.94 4.36 4.29 4.16 4.43	N N SUBQ HT R HL N SUBQ HT R HL
807	5/5/94	14 15 1 2 3 4 5	F F F M F	A A A A A A	3.93 3.94 4.36 4.29 4.16 4.43	N N SUBQ HT R HL N SUBQ HT R HL N
B07	5/5/94	14 15 1 2 3 4 5 6	M F F F M F	A A A A A A	3.93 3.94 4.36 4.29 4.16 4.43 4.02 4.29	N N SUBQ HT R HL N SUBQ HT R HL N SUBQ HT R HL N SUBQ HT L HL
B07	5/5/94	14 15 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	M F F F M F M	A A A A A	3.93 3.94 4.36 4.29 4.16 4.43 4.02 4.29 4.14	N N SUBQ HT R HL N SUBQ HT R HL N SUBQ HT R HL N SUBQ HT L HL
807	5/5/94	14 15 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	F F M F M M M	A A A A A A A A	3.93 3.94 4.36 4.29 4.16 4.43 4.02 4.29 4.14 4.10	N N SUBQ HT R HL N SUBQ HT R HL N SUBQ HT L HL N SUBQ P(3) HT TR
807	5/5/94	14 15 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	F F M F F M M M	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	3.93 3.94 4.36 4.29 4.16 4.43 4.02 4.29 4.14 4.10 3.96	N N SUBQ HT R HL N SUBQ HT R HL N SUBQ HT R HL N SUBQ HT L HL N SUBQ P(3) HT TR
807	5/5/94	14 15 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	F F M F M M M	A A A A A A A A	3.93 3.94 4.36 4.29 4.16 4.43 4.02 4.29 4.14 4.10	N N SUBQ HT R HL N SUBQ HT R HL N SUBQ HT L HL N SUBQ P(3) HT TR

## DOSE RANGE-FINDING DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY STUDY OF WR242511 IN RATS DOSE (0.5 mg base/kg)

Dam No.	Date Sac	Implantation	Sex	Status	Fetal Body	External
		Site			Wt. (g)	Examination
826	5/6/94	1		ER		Early Resorption
		2	М	A	3.59	SU8Q HT R chin/upper lip
		3	۴	A	3.77	N
		4		ER		Early Resorption
		5	F	Α	3.63	N
		6		ER		Early Resorption
		7	М	Α	3.54	N
		8	М	Α	3.85	N
		9	F	Α	3.69	N
		10	٠	ER		Early Resorption
		11	М	Α	3.80	N
836	5/6/94	1	F	Α	3.00	SU8Q HT snout
		2	F	A	3.31	N
		3	F	Α	3.11	SU8Q HT snout, L face, L groin , SC &P(4) HT TR
		4	M	A	3.40	SU8Q P(4) HT TR
		5	F	A	2.97	SUBQ HT L face & L groin
		6	M	A	3.40	N CHOO CIALLY TO
		7 8	M	A	3.38	SUBQ P(1) HT TR
		9		ER	3.05	N Early Resorption
		10	M	A	3.12	N Resorption
		11	M	A	3.12	N
842	5/6/94	1	M	A	3.96	N
042	5/0/34	2	F	A	3.82	N
		3	M	A	4.17	N
	-	4	M	A	3.98	N
		5	M	A	3.79	N
		6	F	A	3.66	N
		7	F	A	4.11	N
		8	М	A	4.21	N
		9	F	A	3.29	N
		10	۴	A	3.85	N
		11	۴	A	3.81	N
		12	F	A	3.56	SU8Q HT snout
806	5/5/94	1	М	А	4.17	N
		2	М	А	4.63	N
		3	F	Α	4.07	N
		4	М	A	4.22	N
		5	М	A	4.40	SU8Q HT chin
		6	F	A	4.21	N
		7	М	A	4.67	N
		8		ER		Early Resorption
		9	F	A	4.41	N SUPPLIES A ST
		10	F	A	3.91	SU8Q HT(2) L FL
		11	F	A	4.08	N Sody Recording
		12	F	ER	4.54	Early Resorption
		13		A	4.54	N N
		14	M F	A	4.40	N N
803	5/5/94	1	F			N
303	3/3/34	2	M	A	3.47	N N
		3		ER	3.01	Early Resorption
		4	F	A	3.48	N N
	-	5	M	A	3.80	N
		6	M	A	3.60	N
		7		ER	3.00	Early Resorption
		8	М	A	3.61	N
		9	M	A	3.78	N
		10	M	A	3.90	N
		11	M	A	3.89	N
		12	M	A	3.92	SU8Q P(2) HT L HL
		13	F	A	3.42	SUBQ HT L FL

## DOSE RANGE-FINDING DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY STUDY OF WR242511 IN RATS DOSE (1.0 mg base/kg)

Dam No.	Date Sac	Implantation	Sex	Status	Fetal Body	External
Dam No.	Date 29C	Site	SUX	อเสเนร		
065	616:2:				Wt. (g)	Examination
832	5/6/94	1	F	A	3.47	SUBQ HT R HL
		2	M	A	4.00	N N
		3	M	A	3.90	N N
		5	F	A		N
		6	M	A	3.85 4.02	N
		7	M	A	3.87	N
		8	M	A	3.72	N
		9	M	A	3.83	N
		10	F	A	3.46	N
		11	M	A	3.72	N
		12	F	A	3.46	N
841	5/6/94	1	F	Α	3.14	SUBQ HT L groin & R HL
	0,0,0	2	M	A	3.67	N
		3		ER		Early Resorption
		4	F	A	3.60	N
		5	М	A	3.77	N
		6	М	Α	4.00	N
		7	F	Α	3.93	N
		8	М	Α	3.48	N
		9	М	Α	3.19	N
		10	۶	Α	3.42	N
		11	M	A	3.36	SUBQ HT Anterior ABD
		12	F	Α	3.20	N
		13	M	A	3.52	SU8Q HT chin
		14	M	Α	2.88	N
821	5/5/94	1	•	ER		Early Resorption
		2	_M_	A	3.34	SU8Q HT snout & P(1) HT TR
		3	M_	A	3.73	N .
		5	F	A	4.02	N
		6	M	A	3.96 4.39	N N
		7	F	A	3.99	N
		8	M	A	3.87	N
		9	F	A	3.61	N
		10	M	A	3.59	SUBQ P(1) HT TR
		11	M	A	3.85	N
813	5/5/94	1	M	Α	3.09	N
		2	M	A	2.98	SU8Q HT TR & A8D
		3	M	А	3.61	N
		4	F	А	3.49	N
		5	F	Α	3.28	N
		6	F	Α	3.37	N
		7	F	A	3.12	N
		8	M	ΑΑ	3.76	N
		9		ER		Early Resorption
		10	F	A	3.19	N
		11	M	A	3.44	SUBQ P(4) HT TR
	-	12	M	A	3.15	N
000	6.6.6	13	F	A	3.21	N Color uz suu
805	5/5/94	1 2	M	A	3.59	SUBQ HT R HL
		3	F	A	3.87	N
		4	M	A	3.86	N SURO BIELTE
		5	F	A	3.92	SUBQ P(6) TR
		6	M	A	3.51 4.43	SUBQ HT ABD
		7	F	A	3.77	SUBQ P(2) HT TR
		8	F	A	3.88	N N
		9	•	ER	3.00	Early Resorption
		10	M	A	3.70	SUBQ P(4) HT TR & HT R NK
		11	F	A	3.52	SU8Q HT around mouth
		12	F	A	3.85	SUBQ HT ABD
		13	M	A	4.05	SuUSQ HT ASD & P(1) TR
		1 10			-,00	The state of the s

## DOSE RANGE-FINDING DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY STUDY OF WR242511 IN RATS DOSE (2.0 mg base/kg)

Dam No.	Date Sac	Implantation Site	Sex	Status	Fetal Body Wt. (g)	External Examination
835	5/6/94	1	М	A	3.75	N
	0,0.0	2	F	A	3.25	N
		3	М	A	3.42	N
		4	М	A	3.67	N
		5	М	Α	3.72	SUBQ P(1) HT TR
		6	F	А	3.81	SUBQ P(1) HT TR
		7	M	А	3.78	N
		8		ER		Early Resorption
		9	M	A	3.77	N
		10	F	A	3.58	N
		11	M	A	3.79	N
0.07	51010	12	F	A	2.93	SUBQ P(1) HT behind ear, SC & snout
827	5/6/94	1	F	Α	3.82	N
		2	F	A	3.22	N
		3 4	F	A 50	4.02	N S + B - vi
		5	М	ER A	4.29	Early Resorption
		6	M	A	4.00	N
		7	M	A	4.15	N
	-	8	F	A	3.91	N
		9	F	A	3.75	N
		10	M	Ā	4.24	N
		11	M	A	3.95	N
/		12	F	A	4.03	N
839	5/6/94	1	М	А	4.10	Ň
		2	F	А	4.28	N
		3	-	ER		Early Resorption
		4	F	А	4.06	N
		5	М	A	3.91	SUBQ HT both HL
		6	M	Α	3.96	N
		7	F	A	4.02	N
		8	F	Α	4.15	N
		9	M	A	4.16	N
		10	F	Α	3.86	N
		11	F	Α	2.91	N .
		12	F	ER	3.51	Early Resorption
001	F/F:04	+	_	Α		N
801	5/5/94	1	F	A	4.18	N .
		3	M	A	3.97	N N
		4	F	A	4.09	N
		5	M	A	3.92	N
		6	M	A	3.74	SUBQ P(3) HT TR
		7	F	A	3.54	SUBQ HT R HL
		8	M	A	4.06	N
		9	-	ER	+.00	Early Resorption
		10	M	A	4.36	N
		11	F	A	4.00	N
		12	М	А	3.98	N
V2.000 7		13	F	А	4.08	N
802	5/5/94	1	М	А	3.27	SUBQ P(2) HT TR
		2	F	А	3.34	N
		3	М	А	4.19	N
		4	F	А	3.66	N
		5	F	А	3.87	N
		6	F	A	3.94	SU8Q HT R HL
		7	F	A	4.17	N
		8	F	A	4.05	N
		9	M	A	4.05	N
		10	F	A	4.00	N
		11	F	A	3.64	N
		12	F	A	3.66	N N
		13	М	Α	3.37	N

## DOSE RANGE-FINDING DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY STUDY OF WR242511 IN RATS DOSE (4.0 mg base/kg)

Dam No.	Date Sac	Implantation	Sex	Status	Fetal Body	External
		Site			Wt. (g)	Examination
829	5/6/94	1	F	Α	3.72	N
		2	F	Α	3.64	N
		3	F	Α	3.93	N
		4	F	Α	3.64	N
		5	M	A	4.06	N
		6	F	Α	3.76	N
		7	F	A	3.84	N
		8	F	Α	3.35	N
		9	F	A	3.65	N
		10	M	A	3.85	SUBQ HT snout
	_	11	M F	A	3.97	SUBQ HT L groin
040	510101	12		A	3.40	SUBQ HT Anterior R ear
840	5/6/94	1	M	A	4.34	N N
-		3	M F	A	3.95	
	-	4	M	A	4.19	SUBQ HT lower jaw SUBQ HT NK
		5	M	A	4.16	N N
		6	M	A	3.78	N
		7	F	A	3.95	N
		8	М	A	4.28	N
		9	F	A	4.20	N
		10	М	A	4.01	N
		11	М	A	4.03	N
		12	М	Α	4.06	N
819	5/5/94	1	М	A	3.53	N
		2	F	Α	3.25	N
		3	М	A	3.50	SUBQ P(1) HT TR
		4	M	A	3.60	N
		5	_M_	A	3.60	SUBQ P(1) HT TR and snout
		6	M	A	3.69	SUBQ P(1) HT TR and chin
		7	M	A	3.57	N
-		8	M	A	3.59	N
		9	F	A	3.60	N SUPPLY TO SUPPLY TO SUPPLY TO
		10	F	A	3.58	SUBQ HT(2) R FL & SUBQ HT(2) TR
		11	F	A	3.13	N N
808	5/5/94	1	F	A	3.52	SU8Q HT chin
808	5/5/94	2	M	A	3.67	N N
		3	M	A	3.58	N
		4	F	A	3.81	N
		5	F	A	3.55	N
		6	F	A	3.67	N
		7	F	A	3.34	SU8Q HT chin
		8	M	A	3.18	N
		9	М	A	3.60	SUBQ P(1) HT R FL
		10	М	A	3.97	N
		11	F	А	3.62	N
		12	F	А	3.29	N
818	5/5/94	1	F	Α	3.80	N
		2	М	Α	3.71	N
		3	F	A	3.43	N
		4	M	Α	4.19	N
		5	М	А	4.08	N
		6	F	A	3.22	N
		7	F	A	4.11	N
		8	F	A	4.05	N .
		9	F	A	3.47	N Section 1
		10		ER		Early Resorption
		11	F	A	3.69 4.08	N N
		13	F	A	3.79	N
		1 13		A	3.79	114
		14	F	A	3.78	N

## DOSE RANGE-FINDING DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY STUDY OF WR242511 IN RATS DOSE (8.0 mg base/kg)

Dam No.	Date Sac	Implantation	Sex	Status	Fetal Body	External
		Site			Wt. (g)	Examination
823	5/6/94	1	М	Α	3.96	N
		2		ER		Early Resorption
		3	F	A	4.02	N
		4	М	A	4.45	N
		5	F	A	4.09	N
		6	M	Α	4.48	N
		7	М	А	4.08	N
		8	F	A	4.20	N
		9	۶	A	4.32	N
		10	F	A	4.16	N
		11	F	Α	4.28	N
		12	M	Α	4.49	N
		13	M	Α	4.27	N
		14	M	Α	4.31	SUBQ HT NK
831	5/6/94	1	F	A	3.48	N
		2	F	Α	3.43	SUBQ HT lower TR
		3	-	ER		Early Resorption
		4	М	Α	3.43	N
		5	M	A	3.58	N
		6		ER		Early Resorption
		7		ER		Early Resorption
		8	F	Α	3.38	N
		9	M	Α	3.71	N
		10	M	Α	3.69	N
		11	F	Α	3.22	N
		12	F	Α	3.03	N
828		Animal was not	pregn	ant		
811	5/5/94	1	M	Α	3.01	N
		2	М	A	3.43	N
		3	М	Α	3.38	N
		4	F	Α	3.02	N
		5	F	Α	3.14	N
		6	M	Α	3.42	N
		7	F	A	2.89	N
		8	M	A	2.81	N
		9	M	A	3.18	N
		10	_ M	A	3.05	N
		11	_ M_	A	3.38	N .
		12	F	A	3.01	N
		13	M	A	3.01	N CURO P(2) HT TR
900	E /E /O.	<del></del>		A	2.83	SUBQ P(2) HT TR
809	5/5/94	1	F	A	3.58	N
		2		A	3.51	N
		3	M	A	3.69	N .
		5	M F	Α	4.03	N
		6		A	3.67	N N
		7	M	A	3.73	N SURO HT L CL & babled B car
		8	M	A	3.81	SUBQ HT L FL & behind R ear
		9	M	Α	3.71	N
	-	10	M	A	3.89	N N
		11	F	A	3.85	N SUBO HT none
				A	3.48	SUBQ HT nose
		12	- M F	A	3.51	N N

INDIVIDUAL BODY WEIGHTS (Grams)

STUDY: 143L GROUP: 1-M SEX: MALE

DOSE: 0 (mg base/kg)

ANIMAL # DAY 20

8375 4.11 8376 4.00 8377 4.08 8378 3.83 8379 4.01 2.91 83711 83712 3.74 3.85 8301 8302 3.96 8303 3.69 8308 3.64 8309 4.06 3.84 83010 83011 3.55 8102 3.65 8107 4.56 8108 4.47 3.99 81013 8125 3.95 3.88 8127 3.90 8129 81214 3.90 81215 3.93 8074 4.16 8077 4.29 8078 4.14 8079 4.10 80710 3.96 80711 4.07 80713 3.95 81212 3.95 MEAN 3.94 0.290 S.D.

INDIVIDUAL BODY WEIGHTS (Grams) INDIVIDUAL BODY WEIGHTS (Grams)

STUDY: 143L GROUP: 2-M SEX: MALE DOSE: 0.5(mg base/kg)

ANIMAL # DAY 20

3.59 8262 8267 3.54 8268 3.85 82611 3.80 8364 3.40 8366 3.40 8367 3.38 8368 3.05 83610 3.12 83611 3.05 3.96 8421 8423 4.17 8424 3.98 8425 3.79 8428 4.21 8061 4.17 8062 4.63 8064 4.22 8065 4.40 8067 4.67 80614 4.40 8032 3.61 8035 3.80 8036 3.60 8038 3.61 8039 3.78 80310 3.90 80311 3.89 80312 3.92 MEAN 3.82 S.D. 0.430 29 N

3.72 8328 8329 3.83 83211 3.72 8412 3.67 8415 3.77 8416 4.00 8418 3.48 8419 3.19 84111 3.36 84113 3.52 8212 3.34 8213 3.73 8216 4.39 8218 3.87 82110 3.59 82111 3.85 3.09 8131 8132 2.98 8133 3.61 8138 3.76 81311 3.44 81312 3.15 8051 3.59 8054 3.92 8056 4.43 80510 3.70 80513 4.05 84114 2.88 MEAN 3.67 S.D. 0.360 33 N

		INDIVIDUAL BODY WEIGHTS (Grams)
STUDY:	143L	GROUP: 4-M SEX: MALE DOSE: 2.0(mg base/kg) ANIMAL # DAY 20
		8351 3.75 8353 3.42 8354 3.67 8355 3.72 8357 3.78 8359 3.77 83511 3.79 8275 4.29 8276 4.00 8277 4.15 82710 4.24 82711 3.95 8391 4.10 8395 3.91 8396 3.96 8399 4.16 8013 3.74 8018 4.06 80110 4.36 80112 3.98 8021 3.27 8023 4.19 8029 4.05 80213 3.37  MEAN 3.92 S.D. 0.281 N 26

INDIVIDUAL BODY WEIGHTS (Grams)

STUDY: 143L GROUP: 5-M SEX: MALE
DOSE: 4.0 (mg base/kg)
ANIMAL # DAY 20

8295 4.06 82910 3.85 82911 3.97 8401 4.34 8402 3.95 4.19 8404 8405 4.16 8406 3.78 8408 4.28 84010 4.01 84011 4.03 84012 4.06 8191 3.53 8193 3.50 8194 3.60 8195 3.60 8196 3.69 8197 3.57 8198 3.59 8082 3.67 8083 3.58 8808 3.18 8089 3.60 80810 3.97 8182 3.71 4.19 8184 8185 4.08 81815 4.19 MEAN 3.85 S.D. 0.290 28

	INDIVIDUAL BODY WEIGHTS (Grams)
STUDY: 1431.	GROUP: 6-M SEX: MALE DOSE: 8.0(mg base/kg) ANIMAL # DAY 20
	8231 3.96 8234 4.45 8236 4.48 8237 4.08 82312 4.49 82313 4.27 82314 4.31 8314 3.43 8315 3.58 8319 3.71 83110 3.69 8111 3.01 8112 3.43 8113 3.38 8116 3.42 8118 2.81 8119 3.18 81110 3.05 81111 3.05 81111 3.05 81111 3.05 81111 3.07 81114 2.83 8093 3.69 8094 4.03 8096 3.73 8097 3.81 8098 3.71 8099 3.89 80910 3.85 80910 3.85 80912 3.51

	INDIVIDUAL BODY WEIGH	HTS (Grams)	
STUDY: 143L	GROUP: 1-F DOSE: 0 (mg base/kg)	SEX: FEMALE	
	8371 3.68 8372 3.63 8373 3.96 8374 3.74 83710 3.67 83713 3.30 8304 3.78 8305 4.22 8306 3.86 8307 3.78 8101 4.13 8103 3.89 8104 4.33 8105 4.26 8106 4.46 8109 4.13 81010 4.10 81011 3.77 8121 3.52 8122 3.78 8123 3.82 8124 3.79 8128 3.71 81210 3.66 81213 3.60 8071 3.94 8072 4.36 8073 4.29 8075 4.43 8076 80712 3.81 MEAN 3.92 S.D. 0.289 N 31		

	INDIVIDUAL	BODY WEIGHT	rs (Gran	ns)
STUDY: 143L	DOSE: (mg			
	8263 8265 8269 8361 8362 8363 8365 8422 8426 8427 8429 84210 84211 84212 8063 8066 8069 80610 80611 80613 80615 8031 8034 80313	3.77 3.63 3.69 3.00 3.31 3.11 2.97 3.82 3.66 4.11 3.29 3.85 3.81 3.56 4.07 4.21 4.41 3.91 4.08 4.54 4.10 3.47 3.48 3.42 3.72 0.420 24		

	INDIVIDUAL	BODY WEIGHTS (Grams)
STUDY: 143I	GROUP: 3-F DOSE: 1.0( ANIMAL#	SEX: FEMALE (mg base/kg) DAY 20
	8411 8414 8417 84110 84112 8214 8215 8217 8219 8134 8135 8136 8137 81310 81313 8052 8053 8055 8057 8058 80511	3.47 3.85 3.46 3.46 3.14 3.60 3.93 3.42 3.20 4.02 3.96 3.99 3.61 3.49 3.28 3.37 3.12 3.17 3.12 3.17 3.18 3.51 3.77 3.88 3.52 3.85

INDIVIDUAL BODY WEIGHTS (Grams)

STUDY: 143L GROUP: 4-F SEX: FEMALE
DOSE: 2.0 (mg base/kg)
ANIMAL # DAY 20

8352 3.25 8356 3.81 83510 3.58 83512 2.93 8271 3.82 8272 3.22 4.02 8273 8278 3.91 8279 3.75 82712 4.03 8392 4.28 8394 4.06 8397 4.02 8398 4.15 83910 3.86 2.9' . 83911 83913 3.51 8011 4.18 3.97 8012 8014 4.09 8017 3.54 4.00 80111 80113 4.08 3.34 8022 8024 3.66 8025 3.87 3.94 8026 8027 4.17 8028 4.05 80210 4.00 3.64 80211 80212 3.66 3.79 MEAN S.D. 0.354 32

8294 3.64 8296 3.76 8297 3.84 8298 3.35 8299 3.65 82912 3.40 8403 3.66 8407 3.95 8409 4.20 8192 3.25 8199 3.60 81910 3.58 81911 4.20 81912 3.13 8081 3.52 8084 3.81 8085 3.55 8086 3.67 8087 3.34 80811 3.62 80812 3.29 8181 3.80 8183 3.43 8186 3.22 4.11 8187 8188 4.05 8189 3.47 81811 3.69 81812 4.08 3.79 81813 3.78 81814 MEAN 3.67 S.D. 0.279 34 N

			BODY WEIGHTS (Gra	ms)
STUDY:	: 143L	GROUP: 6-F	SEX: (mg base/kg) DAY 20	FEMALE
		82311 8311 8312 8318 83111 83112 8114 8115 8117 81112 8091 8092 8095 80911 80913 8239	4.02	



### APPENDIX 3

Protocol and Amendments

Task Order No.: UIC-7Q UIC/TRL Study No.: 143

## DOSE RANGE-FINDING DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY STUDY OF WR242511 IN RATS

#### 1.0 PURPOSE OF THE STUDY:

The purpose of this study is to provide information for use in the selection of dose levels for a developmental toxicity study of WR242511 in rats. The protocol for this study was approved by the UIC Animal Care Committee (Appendix 1).

#### 2.0 SPONSOR:

2.1 Name:

U.S. Army Medical Materiel

Development Activity

2.2 Address:

Fort Detrick

Frederick, MD 21702-5009

2.3 Representative:

George J. Schieferstein, Ph.D.

#### 3.0 TESTING FACILITY:

3.1 Name:

Toxicology Research Laboratory (TRL)

3.2 Address:

University of Illinois at Chicago (UIC)

Department of Pharmacology

1940 W.Taylor St.

Chicago, IL 60612-7353

3.3 Study Director:

Barry S. Levine, D.Sc., D.A.B.T.

#### 4.0 DATES:

4.1 Proposed Initiation of In-Life Phase:

4/21/94

4.2 Proposed Completion of In-Life Phase:

5/06/94

4.3 Proposed Study Completion Date

(Final Report):

7/06/94

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#### 5.0 TEST ARTICLES

5.1 Name or Code No: WR242511 Tartrate

Bottle Number - BM05816

5.2 TRL Chemical No: 1720614

5.3 Physical Description: Yellow powder

5.4 Storage Conditions to Maintain Stability:

5.4.1 Temperature: -20 to -15°C.

5.4.2 Humidity: Ambient conditions at -20 to -15°C in a freezer.

5.4.3 <u>Light:</u> Protect from light.

5.4.4 Special Requirements: None.

5.5 <u>Special Handling Procedures:</u> Standard safety precautions will be followed including gloves, eye protection, mask, and lab coats.

5.6 Log of Test Article: The amount, date, identity of person(s) removing aliquots and the purpose for which each aliquot of the test article was removed from the batch will be documented. At termination of the study, unused test article may be returned to the Sponsor.

#### 6.0 PERSONNEL:

Study Director

Reproductive Toxicologist

Reproductive Scientist

Clinical Veterinarian

Neterinarian

Rampy S. Levine, D.Sc., D.A.B.T.

Ashraf F. Youssef, M.D., Ph.D.

Roberto A. Matamoros, D.V.M., Ph.D.

James E. Artwohl, D.V.M., M.S., D.A.C.L.A.M.

Decumented in many data

Veterinarian Support
Analytical Chemist
Tox. Lab Supervisor
Lead Technician
Chemistry Specialist

Documented in raw data
Adam Negrusz, Ph.D.
Soudabeh Soura, B.S.
Documented in raw data
Thomas Tolhurst, B.S.

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#### 7.0 TEST SYSTEM:

7.1 Species: Rat

7.2 Strain: CD® (Virus Antibody Free)

7.3 Sex(s)/Number: 30 timed-mated females

7.4 Age of Animals: 50 - 70 days old at study initiation.

7.5 Source of Animals: Charles River Breeding Laboratories, Inc. The specific source will be documented in the raw data.

7.6 Body Weight: Approximately 175 - 225 g at start of study.

- Justification for Selection of Test System: The FDA requires the use of two animal species for preclinical developmental toxicity studies, typically the rat and rabbit. The CD® rat was selected for evaluation because; (1) it is one mammalian species accepted for use in embryo/fetal toxicity teratogenicity studies; (2) this strain of rat has been demonstrated to be sensitive to developmental toxicants; (3) it has been used for nonclinical studies of developmental toxicity; (4) historical data and experience exist; and (5) it was specified by the Sponsor.
- 7.8 Procedure for Unique Identification of Test System: Each animal will be given a study unique number by the Supplier. This number will appear as an ear tag and will also appear on a cage card visible on the front of each cage. The cage card will additionally contain the study number, test article identifications, treatment group number and dose level. Cage cards will be color-coded as a function of treatment group. Raw data records and specimens will also be identified by the unique test animal number.
- Housing: The animals will be housed in an AAALAC-accredited facility. Animals will be singly housed in polycarbonate cages with Anderson-bed-a-cob bedding (Heinold, Kankakee, Illinois) in a temperature (65-78°F) and humidity (30-70%) controlled room with a 14 hour light/10 hour dark cycle. The cage size, 840 cm² area and 20 cm height, is adequate to house rats at the upper weight range as described in the Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals, DHHS (NIH) No. 86.23. All animals will be routinely transferred to clean cages with fresh bedding once weekly.
- 7.10 Quarantine Procedure: Animals will be quarantined for at least 3 days during the time from receipt until dosing is initiated on Day 6 of gestation. During the quarantine period, the animals will be observed daily for signs of illness, and all unusual observations will be reported to the Study Director, Toxicologist or Clinical Veterinarian. Animals will be examined during quarantine and approved for use by the

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Clinical Veterinarian prior to being placed on test. Any sickly animals will be eliminated prior to the test animal selection process. If a selected animal appears sickly prior to initiation of treatment, it will be replaced by a healthy animal prior to initiation of treatment under the direction of the Study Director or Toxicologist. Quarantine release will be documented on the Clinical Veterinarian Log by the veterinarian prior to study initiation.

- 7.11 Food: Purina Certified Rodent Chow No. 5002 (Ralston Purina Company, St. Louis, MO) will be provided ad libitum from arrival until termination.
- 7.12 <u>Water:</u> Tap water from an automatic watering system in which the room distribution lines are flushed daily will be provided *ad libitum* from arrival until termination. The water is untreated with additional chlorine or HCl.
- 7.13 There are no known contaminants in the feed or water which are expected to influence the study. A copy of the feed certification will be kept with the study records. The results of bimonthly comprehensive chemical analyses of Chicago water are documented in files maintained by Quality Assurance.
- 7.14 It is not known if the animals will experience pain or distress during the study. Analgesic or anesthetic agents will confound the ability to determine the toxic potential of the test article, and therefore will not be used. If an animal is in severe pain or distress, following consultation with the veterinary staff, it will be euthanized in accordance with standard operating procedures.

### 8.0 EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN:

### 8.1 <u>Treatment Groups:</u>

Group No.		Dose Level (mg base/kg/day)	Number of Females*
1		0	5
2		0.5	5
3		1.0	5
4		2.0	5
5	4	4.0	5
6		8.0	5

\* Presumed Pregnant

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Dose levels of WR242511 will be selected on the basis of a two week toxicity study in rat (UIC/TRL Study No. 106) and preliminary results of a thirteen week toxicity study in rats (UIC/TRL Study No. 107). The number of animals, 5/dose, is the number of animals typically used in preliminary dose range-finding developmental toxicity studies and is the number of animals indicated by the Sponsor in Task Order UIC-7, Modification 3.

- 8.2 <u>Frequency and Route of Administration of Test Article:</u> The test article will be administered once daily by gavage during days 6 15 of gestation, the period of major organogenesis. It will be given at a dosing volume of 5 ml/kg. The control group animals will receive the vehicle at the same dosing volume. The specific volume to be administered will be adjusted daily on the basis of body weight.
- 8.3 <u>Justification of Route(s):</u> The oral route is a convenient and accepted procedure for administering a specific amount of a test article to each animal. It mimics potential human exposure conditions and is specified by the Sponsor.
- 8.4 Procedure to Control Bias during the Assignment of Animals to Treatment Groups:

  During the quarantine/pretest period, animals judged to be suitable test subjects and meeting acceptable body weight requirements will be assigned to the study at random using a randomization procedure on the basis of body weight.
- 8.5 Test Article Vehicle: 1% Methylcellulose/0.2% Tween 80.
- 8.6 Test Article Dosage Form Preparation and Analyses: The dosage formulations for the test article will be prepared daily by diluting a stock formulation (made weekly) to appropriate concentration. Stability data obtained from a previous study (UIC/TRL Study No. 106) indicated that the dosing suspensions are stable for 48 hours at the dosage formulations being tested, and the stock formulation is stable for two weeks. Homogeneity data obtained from UIC/TRL Study No. 107 demonstrated that the test article suspensions are homogeneous (coefficients of variation for sampling in the top, middle and bottom of several test suspensions were typically less than 4%).

The stock test article suspension will be prepared by suspending the appropriate quantity of test article in the vehicle using a mortar and pestle. Stock and dosing suspensions will be stored at 0 - 4°C. Dosing suspensions will not be analyzed as this is a preliminary dose range-finding test and not a GLP compliant study.

- 8.7 Frequency of Observations, Test Analyses and Measurements:
  - 8.7.1 Mortality Check: All animals will be observed twice daily, at least six hours apart for moribundity/mortality.

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- 8.7.2 <u>Clinical Signs:</u> All animals will be observed daily for clinical signs of toxicity approximately 1-2 hours after dosing, and in the morning after completion of the dosing period. Moribund animals will be sacrificed on that day and the uterine contents will be examined as described in Section 8.7.6.
- 8.7.3 <u>Body Weights:</u> Individual body weights will be recorded on day 0 of gestation (the day a vaginal plug is observed), on the day of randomization, and on gestation days 6 15, 18 and 20.
- 8.7.4 <u>Food Consumption:</u> Food consumption for all animals will be measured during the following intervals: days 6 10; 10 15; 15 20.
- 8.7.5 <u>Sacrifice:</u> On day 20 of presumed gestation, all surviving female rats will be euthanized by carbon dioxide asphyxiation followed immediately by cesarean section.
- 8.7.6 <u>Cesarean-Sectioning Observations:</u> The abdominal and thoracic cavities will be opened by a ventral midline incision and the contents examined. In gravid animals, the ovaries will be examined. The number of corpora lutea on each ovary will be recorded (ovaries discarded after evaluation). The gravid uterus will be examined and weighed. The number and location of viable and nonviable fetuses\* in utero, early and late resorptions\*\* and the total number of implantation sites will be recorded.

The uterine position of each fetus will be documented using the following procedure. All implantation sites, including resorptions, will be numbered in consecutive fashion beginning with the left distal uterine horn, noting the position of the cervix, and continuing from the proximal to the distal right uterine horn. Maternal tissues will only be saved for histopathological examination in 10% neutral buffered formalin as deemed necessary by the gross findings. The carcass of each dam will then be discarded.

- \*A viable fetus is defined as one which responds to stimuli. A non viable fetus is defined as a term fetus which does not respond to stimuli in utero or is not breathing.
- \*\*An early resorption is defined as one in which it is not grossly evident that organogenesis has occurred. A late resorption is defined as one in which it is grossly evident that organogenesis has occurred. A fetus with evident autolysis is considered a late resorption.
- 8.7.7 <u>Confirmation of Pregnancy:</u> Uteri from females that appear nongravid will be opened and placed for approximately 10 minutes in ammonium sulfide solution (0.5%) for detection of possible implantation sites. If implantation site is detected, the ovaries will be examined as in 8.7.6.

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8.7.8 Necropsy: Animals which die on test or are sacrificed if moribund will be examined as soon as possible for the cause of death. Examination will not be performed if precluded by postmortem autolysis. Pregnancy status and uterine contents will be recorded. Maternal tissues with gross lesions appropriate for retention may be fixed in neutral buffered 10% formalin for possible future evaluation as deemed necessary. Viscera which appear normal will be discarded. Naturally-delivered pups will be examined to the extent possible using the same methods described for fetuses.

#### 8.7.9 Fetal Observations:

- 8.7.9.1 <u>Body Weight and Sex:</u> The number of fetuses will be recorded. Each fetus will be individually weighed and sexed.
- 8.7.9.2 Gross External Examination: All fetuses will be examined externally and each finding will be recorded. All fetuses will be euthanized by sodium pentobarbital (400 mg/ml; 4 g/kg; ≈0.01 ml/g I.P.). At the discretion of the Study Director or the Reproductive Toxicologist, fetuses with gross external alterations and other fetuses as deemed necessary may be preserved in Bouin's solution for possible future examination. All other fetuses will be discarded.
- 8.8 <u>Statistical Analyses:</u> The incidence of maternal and fetal observations will be determined, however statistical analyses may not be performed due to the small number of animals per group. If indicated, statistical analyses on a litter basis will be performed using nonparametric statistics such as log linear models, the Chi-square test, and/or Fisher's exact probability test. Fetal body weights, maternal body weights, weight gains, uterine absolute and relative weight (% body weight) and food consumption data will be analyzed by Analysis of variance tests. If a significant F ratio is obtained (ρ ≤ 0.05), Dunnett's test will be used for pair-wise comparisions to the control group.

Quantitative data will be tabulated and presented in the report. In addition to the written report, summary data tables of parameters and variability will be transmitted to the Sponsor on magnetic media (computer diskette) in "ASCII" form. The transcribed data on disk will no longer be considered GLP compliant.

#### 9.0 RECORDS TO BE MAINTAINED:

All data generated during the conduct of the study, except those that are generated as direct computer input, shall be recorded directly, promptly, and accurately in ink in bound books with prenumbered pages or on worksheets that shall be bound during or at the conclusion of the nonclinical laboratory study. All appropriate computer and machine output shall be bound during or at the conclusion of the study. All data entries shall be dated on the day of entry and signed or initialed by the person entering the data.

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Any changes in entries for whatever reason (e.g., to correct an error or transposition) shall be made so as not to obscure the original entry, shall indicate the reason for such change, and shall be dated and signed or identified at the time of data input. In computer driven collection systems, the operator responsible for direct data input shall be identified at the time of data input. Any changes in computer entries for whatever reason (e.g., to correct an error or transposition) shall be made in such a manner so as not to obscure the original entry, if possible, shall indicate the reason for such change, and shall be dated and the responsible individual shall be identified.

All recorded data shall be reviewed, signed, and dated by a knowledgeable person, other than the person making the entry, to assure adherence to procedures and to verify observations. Upon completion of the study and submission of the final report, all raw data, documentation, specimens, test article reserves and other materials necessary to reconstruct the study will be stored in the TRL archives maintained by Quality Assurance.

All changes or revisions, and reasons therefore, to this protocol once it is approved shall be documented, signed by the Study Director and Sponsor, dated and maintained with the protocol.

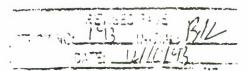
### 10.0 <u>REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS:</u>

This study will be performed within the spirit of the UIC/TRL Quality Assurance Program designed to conform with FDA Good Laboratory Practice Regulations and EPA Good Laboratory Practice Standards.

Will this study be submitted to a regulatory agency? Yes If so, to which agency(ies)? Food and Drug Administration

Does the Sponsor Request that test article samples be returned? <u>Possibly</u>; <u>direction will be provided by the Sponsor</u>.

Does the Sponsor request that samples of the test article/carrier mixture(s) be returned to the Sponsor? No.



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11.0 PROTOCOL APPROVAL:

STUDY DIRECTOR:

Barry S. Levine, D.Sc., D.A.B.T.

11/19/43 Date

SPONSOR APPROVAL:

George J. Schleferstein, Ph.D.

Contracting Officer's Representative (COR)

**COMMENTS FROM THE COR:** 



Office of the Vice Chancellor for Research (M/C 672) 310 Administrative Office Building 1737 West Polk Street Chicago, Illinois 60612-7227 (312) 996-4995

Appendix 1

November 22,1993

Barry S. Levine Med-Pharmacology 312 BGRC, M/C 868

Dear Dr. Levine:

The protocol indicated below has been reviewed in accordance with the Animal Care Policies of the University of Illinois at Chicago and approved on July 20, 1993.

Title of Application:

Dose Range-Finding Developmental Toxicity Study of

WR242511 In Rats

ACC Number: 93-077-6

This institution has Animal Welfare Assurance Number A3460.01 on file with the Office for Protection from Research Risks, NIH. Please transmit this letter of acceptable verification of your research protocol to your sponsor.

Thank you for complying with the Animal Care Policies and Procedures of UIC.

Sincerely yours,

Josephine B. Miller, Ph.D.

Chair, Animal Care Committee

siephine E. Willer

JBM:st xc:BRL

Study No .:

143

Title:

Dose Range-Finding Developmental Toxicity Study of WR242511 in Rats

1. Page 2 Section 5.1

Indicate the Bottle Number of the test article; "BM05816".

Reason:

Sponsor requested that the specific bottle number be included in the protocol.

2. Page 4 Section 7

Add the following section:

"7.14 It is not known if the animals will experience pain or distress during the study. Analgesic or anesthetic agents will confound the ability to determine the toxic potential of the test article, and therefore will not be used. If an animal is in severe pain or distress, following consultation with the veterinary staff, it will be euthanized in accordance with standard operating procedures."

Reason:

Sponsor requested addition to the protocol.

3. Page 3 Section 7.4

Replace the numbers to read "50 - 70".

Reason:

Mistake in the protocol

4. Page 3

Section 7.6

Replace the numbers to read "175 - 225".

Reason:

Mistake in the protocol

5. Page 4 Section 7.10

Replace the first sentence to read "Animals will be quarantined for at least 3 days during the time of receipt until dosing is initiated on day 6 of gestation."

Reason:

Clarification of the period of quarantine.

- 6. Page 4 Section 8.1
  - A. Indicate dose levels will also be selected based on preliminary results of a thirteen week toxicity study in rats (UIC/TRL Study No. 107).
  - B. Add the following sentence to the first paragraph "The number of animals, 5/dose level, is the number of animals typically used in preliminary dose range-finding developmental toxicity studies and is the number of animals indicated by the Sponsor in Task Order UIC-7, Modification 3."

Study No .:

143

Title:

Dose Range-Finding Developmental Toxicity Study of WR242511 in Rats

(6 contd.)

Reason:

Sponsor requested additions to the protocol.

7. Page 5

Section 8.6

Change the text as follows to indicate that stability and homogeneity testing have been performed in previous toxicity studies; "The dosage formulations for the test article will be prepared daily by diluting a stock formulation (made weekly) to appropriate concentration. Stability data obtained from a previous study (UIC/TRL Study No. 106) indicated that the dosing suspensions are stable for 48 hours at the dosage formulations being tested, and the stock formulation is stable for two weeks. Homogeneity data obtained from UIC/TRL Study No. 107 demonstrated that the test article suspensions are homogeneous (coefficients of variation for sampling in the top, middle and bottom of several test suspensions were typically less than 4%).

The stock test article suspension will be prepared by suspending the appropriate quantity of test article in the vehicle using a mortar and pestle. Stock and dosing suspensions will be stored at 0-4 °C. Dosing suspensions will not be analyzed as this is a preliminary dose range-finding test and not a GLP compliant study."

8. Page 7 Section 8.7.7

Add the following sentence: "If any implantation site is detected, the ovaries will be examined as in 8.7.6."

Reason:

If pregnancy evidence is confirmed, ovarian changes should be examined.

Approvals:

STUDY DIRECTOR:

Barry S. Levine, D.Sc. D.A.B.T.

Date

SPONSOR APPROVAL:

George J. Schieferstein, Ph.D.

Contracting Officer's Representative (COR)

Study No.:

143

Title:

Dose Range-Finding Developmental Toxicity Study of WR242511 in Rats

9. Page 1 Section 4.0

Change the section to reflect the following changes in dates.

4.1 Proposed Initiation of In-Life Phase:

4/21/94

4.2 Proposed Completion of In-Life Phase:

5/06/94

4.3 <u>Proposed Study Completion Date</u> (Final Report):

7/06/94

Reason:

Dates were not decided at the time the protocol was submitted.

10. Page 3 Section 7.8

Change the first sentence to read, "Each animal will be given a study unique number by the Supplier", and Delete the second sentence.

Reason: Each animal will be assigned its study number on Day 0 of gestation (day of vaginal plug) by the supplier.

11. Page 4 Section 8.0

Change the dose levels to reflect the following.

Group No.		Dose Level (mg base/kg/dav)
1		0
2		0.5
3		1.0
4	1	2.0
5		4.0
6	t	8.0

Reason:

Doses were not decided upon at the time the protocol was submitted.

Study No.:

143

Title:

Dose Range-Finding Developmental Toxicity Study of WR242511 in Rats

12. Page 5 Section 8.4

In the last sentence, change "randomization" to "randomization".

Reason:

Typographical error.

13. Page 6 Section 8.7.2

In the last sentence, change "uteine" to "uterine".

Reason:

Typographical error.

14. Page 6 Section 8.7.7

In the first sentence replace "appriximately" by "approximately".

Reason:

Typographical error.

15. Page 7 Section 8.7.9.2

Change the second sentence as follows:

"All fetuses will be euthanized by sodium pentobarbital (400 mg/ml; 4g/kg; ~0.01 ml/g I.P.)."

Reason:

Changed as requested by the Sponsor.

APPROVAL:

STUDY DIRECTOR:

Barry S. Levine, D.Sc., D.A.B.T

Date

SPONSOR APPROVAL:

George J. Schieferstein, Ph.D.

Contracting Officer's

Representative (COR)

APPENDIX 4

Study Deviations

Study Deviations\*

Deviation Type	Specific Deviation	Effect on Study
Protocol	Humidity was out of range in one occasion.	None; the deviation was minimal.
* The detailed "Deviation Re Illinois at Chicago, Departs	eports" are contained in the raw da ment of Pharmacology, Chicago, I	ta which are archived at the University of llinois.
The above deviation did no	at affect the integrity of the study.	
		Barry S. Levine, D.Sc., D.A.B.T.

Date